

SENATE BILL No. 118

DIGEST OF SB 118 (Updated January 28, 2014 11:49 am - DI 58)

Citations Affected: IC 36-7; noncode.

Synopsis: Redevelopment commissions and authorities. Provides that a redevelopment commission may not enter into any obligation payable from public funds without first obtaining the approval of the legislative or fiscal body of the unit that established the commission. Provides an exception if the obligation is for the acquisition of real property and the payments are for three years or less of the purchase price is less than \$5,000,000. Specifies that the approving ordinance or resolution must include certain items. Provides that a redevelopment commission and a department of redevelopment are subject to oversight by the legislative body of the unit, including review by the legislative body of annual budgets. Specifies that a redevelopment commission and a department of redevelopment are subject to the same laws, rules, and ordinances of a general nature that apply to all other commissions or departments of the unit. Specifies that a redevelopment commission, a department of redevelopment, and a redevelopment authority are subject to audit by the state board of accounts and covered by the public meetings and public records laws. Requires a redevelopment commission to provide to the legislative body of the unit at a public meeting all the information supporting the action the redevelopment commission proposes to take regarding the sale, transfer, or other disposition of property. Provides that if the amount of excess assessed value determined by the commission is expected to generate more than 200% of the amount of allocated tax proceeds necessary to carry out the commission's plan, a determination of the amount of the excess (Continued next page)

Effective: July 1, 2014.

Miller Pete, Walker, Smith J, Stoops

January 8, 2014, read first time and referred to Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy. January 28, 2014, amended, reported favorably — Do Pass.



Digest Continued

available to other taxing units by the commission must be approved by the legislative body of the unit. Permits the legislative body of the unit to modify the commission's determination with respect to the amount of excess assessed value. Requires the treasurer of a redevelopment commission outside Indianapolis and the secretary-treasurer of a redevelopment authority outside Indianapolis to report quarterly to the fiscal officer of the unit that established the commission or authority. Provides that the Indianapolis controller is the fiscal officer of the redevelopment commission and redevelopment authority in Indianapolis. Authorizes the Indianapolis controller to obtain financial services on a contractual basis. Prohibits a redevelopment commission, authority, or department, or a designee holding company from owning, leasing, or holding a single family dwelling or condominium unit that is leased for purposes of leasing for the use by individuals as a dwelling. Provides that if a redevelopment commission member or adviser or a redevelopment authority board member owns, directly or indirectly, more than 10% of a business entity, the individual is considered an owner of that business entity for purposes of determining whether the member or adviser has a pecuniary interest in a proposed contract, employment, purchase, or sale. Requires the department of local government finance, with the assistance of the state board of accounts, to prepare a report on redevelopment by redevelopment commissions, authorities, and departments and to submit and present the report to the commission on state tax and financing policy during the 2014 legislative interim. Eliminates the power of a commission to acquire property by eminent domain after June 30, 2014. Requires legislative body approval of any amendment of a plan or of a resolution establishing an allocation area. Provides, in the case of an allocation area that was initially established before July 1, 1995, that the expiration date of any allocation provisions for the allocation area is June 30, 2025, or the last date of any obligations outstanding on July 1, 2014, whichever is later. Provides that after June 30, 2014, a project involving telecommunication equipment, such as fiber optic cabling and related equipment, may not be included as part of the assessed value in an area.



Second Regular Session 118th General Assembly (2014)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2013 Regular Session and 2013 First Regular Technical Session of the General Assembly.

SENATE BILL No. 118

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning local government.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 36-7-14-0.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2014]: Sec. 0.5. (a) The definitions in this section apply
4	throughout this chapter.
5	(b) "Obligation" means any bond, note, warrant, lease, or other
6	instrument under which money is borrowed.
7	(c) "Public funds" means all fees, payments, tax receipts, and
8	funds of whatever kind or character coming into the possession of
9	a:
0	(1) redevelopment commission; or
1	(2) department of redevelopment.
2	SECTION 2. IC 36-7-14-2.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2007,
3	SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 2.5. (a) The assessment, planning, replanning,
5	remediation, development, and redevelopment of economic



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1	development areas:
2	(1) are public and governmental functions that cannot be
3	accomplished through the ordinary operations of private
4	enterprise because of:
5	(A) the necessity for requiring the proper use of the land so as
6	to best serve the interests of the county and its citizens; and
7	(B) the costs of these projects;
8	(2) will:
9	(A) benefit the public health, safety, morals, and welfare;
10	(B) increase the economic well-being of the unit and the state;
11	and
12	(C) serve to protect and increase property values in the unit
13	and the state; and
14	(3) are public uses and purposes for which public money may be
15	spent and private property may be acquired.
16	(b) This section and sections 41 and 43 of this chapter shall be
17	liberally construed to carry out the purposes of this section.
18	(c) Except as provided in subsection (d), a redevelopment
19	commission may not enter into any obligation payable from public
20	funds without first obtaining the approval, by ordinance or
21	resolution, of the legislative body of the unit.
22	(d) A redevelopment commission is not required to obtain the
23	approval of the legislative body of the unit under this section if:
24	(1) the obligation is for the acquisition of real property under
25	this chapter; and
26	(2) the agreement to acquire the real property requires the
27	redevelopment commission to:
28	(A) make payments for the real property to be acquired for
29	a term of three (3) years or less; or
30	(B) purchase the real property for a cost of less than five
31	million dollars (\$5,000,000).
32	A redevelopment commission may not enter into an obligation
33	payable from public funds, other than an obligation described in
34	this subsection, unless the redevelopment commission first obtains
35	the approval of the legislative body of the unit as provided in
36	subsection (c).
37	(e) The approving ordinance or resolution of a legislative body
38	under subsection (c) must include the following:
39	(1) The maximum amount of the obligation.
40	(2) The maximum interest rate or rates, any provisions for
41	redemption before maturity, and any provisions for the

payment of capitalized interest associated with the obligation.



1	(3) The maximum term of the obligation.
2	SECTION 3. IC 36-7-14-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2005,
3	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 3. (a) A unit may establish a department of
5	redevelopment controlled by a board of five (5) members to be known
6	as " Redevelopment Commission", designating the name
7	of the municipality or county. However, in the case of a county, the
8	county executive may adopt an ordinance providing that the county
9	redevelopment commission consists of seven (7) members.
10	(b) A redevelopment commission and a department of
11	redevelopment are subject to oversight by the legislative body of
12	the unit, including a review by the legislative body of the
13	commission's and department's annual budget. A redevelopment
14	commission and a department of redevelopment are:
15	(1) subject to audit by the state board of accounts under
16	IC 5-11;
17	(2) covered by IC 5-14-1.5 (the public meetings law); and
18	(3) covered by IC 5-14-3 (the public records law).
19	(b) (c) Subject to section 3.5 of this chapter, all of the territory
20	within the corporate boundaries of a municipality constitutes a taxing
21	district for the purpose of levying and collecting special benefit taxes
22	for redevelopment purposes as provided in this chapter. Subject to
23	section 3.5 of this chapter, all of the territory in a county, except that
24	within a municipality that has a redevelopment commission, constitutes
25	a taxing district for a county.
26	(e) (d) All of the taxable property within a taxing district is
27	considered to be benefited by redevelopment projects carried out under
28	this chapter to the extent of the special taxes levied under this chapter.
29	SECTION 4. IC 36-7-14-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.190-2005,
30	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
31	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 8. (a) The redevelopment commissioners shall
32	hold a meeting for the purpose of organization not later than thirty (30)
33	days after they are appointed and, after that, each year on the first day
34	in January that is not a Saturday, a Sunday, or a legal holiday. They
35	shall choose one (1) of their members as president, another as vice
36	president, and another as secretary. These officers shall perform the
37	duties usually pertaining to their offices and shall serve from the date
38	of their election until their successors are elected and qualified.
39	(b) The fiscal officer of the unit establishing a redevelopment
40	commission may appoint a treasurer who need not be a member is the

treasurer of the redevelopment commission. The redevelopment

commission may provide for the payment of compensation to a



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treasurer who is not a member of the redevelopment commission. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the treasurer has charge over and is responsible for the administration, investment, and disbursement of all funds and accounts of the redevelopment commission in accordance with the requirements of this chapter. However, the treasurer may not perform any duties of the fiscal officer or any other officer of the unit that are prescribed by section 24 of this chapter or by any provisions of this chapter that pertain to the issuance and sale of bonds; notes, or warrants of the special taxing district. state laws that apply to other funds and accounts administered by the fiscal officer. The treasurer shall report quarterly to the fiscal officer of the unit.

- (c) The redevelopment commissioners may adopt the rules and bylaws they consider necessary for the proper conduct of their proceedings, the carrying out of their duties, and the safeguarding of the money and property placed in their custody by this chapter. In addition to the annual meeting, the commissioners may, by resolution or in accordance with their rules and bylaws, prescribe the date and manner of notice of other regular or special meetings.
- (d) This subsection does not apply to a county redevelopment commission that consists of seven (7) members. Three (3) of the redevelopment commissioners constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of three (3) commissioners is necessary to authorize any action.
- (e) This subsection applies only to a county redevelopment commission that consists of seven (7) members. Four (4) of the redevelopment commissioners constitute a quorum, and the concurrence of four (4) commissioners is necessary to authorize any action.

SECTION 5. IC 36-7-14-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 724, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 10. (a) A redevelopment commissioner or a nonvoting adviser appointed under section 6.1 of this chapter may not have a pecuniary interest in any contract, employment, purchase, or sale made under this chapter. However, any property required for redevelopment purposes in which a commissioner or nonvoting adviser has a pecuniary interest may be acquired, but only by gift or condemnation.

(b) If a redevelopment commissioner or a nonvoting adviser owns, directly or indirectly, more than a ten percent (10%) interest in a business entity, the redevelopment commissioner or the nonvoting adviser shall be treated as an owner of the business



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1	entity for purposes of determining whether a pecuniary interest
2	exists for the redevelopment commissioner or the nonvoting
3	adviser under this section.
4	(b) (c) A transaction made in violation of this section is void.
5	SECTION 6. IC 36-7-14-12.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2007,
6	SECTION 32, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 12.2. (a) The redevelopment commission may do
8	the following:
9	(1) Acquire by purchase, exchange, gift, grant, condemnation, or
10	lease, or any combination of methods, any personal property or
11	interest in real property needed for the redevelopment of areas
12	needing redevelopment that are located within the corporate
13	boundaries of the unit.
14	(2) Hold, use, sell (by conveyance by deed, land sale contract, or
15	other instrument), exchange, lease, rent, or otherwise dispose of
16	property acquired for use in the redevelopment of areas needing
17	redevelopment on the terms and conditions that the commission
18	considers best for the unit and its inhabitants.
19	(3) Sell, lease, or grant interests in all or part of the real property
20	acquired for redevelopment purposes to any other department of
21	the unit or to any other governmental agency for public ways,
22	levees, sewerage, parks, playgrounds, schools, and other public
23	purposes on any terms that may be agreed on.
24	(4) Clear real property acquired for redevelopment purposes.
25	(5) Enter on or into, inspect, investigate, and assess real property
26	and structures acquired or to be acquired for redevelopment
27	purposes to determine the existence, source, nature, and extent of
28	any environmental contamination, including the following:
29	(A) Hazardous substances.
30	(B) Petroleum.
31	(C) Other pollutants.
32	(6) Remediate environmental contamination, including the
33	following, found on any real property or structures acquired for
34	redevelopment purposes:
35	(A) Hazardous substances.
36	(B) Petroleum.
37	(C) Other pollutants.
38	(7) Repair and maintain structures acquired for redevelopment
39	purposes.
40	(8) Remodel, rebuild, enlarge, or make major structural
41	improvements on structures acquired for redevelopment purposes.
42	(9) Survey or examine any land to determine whether it should be



1	included within an area needing redevelopment to be acquired for
2	redevelopment purposes and to determine the value of that land.
3	(10) Appear before any other department or agency of the unit, or
4	before any other governmental agency in respect to any matter
5	affecting:
6	(A) real property acquired or being acquired for
7	redevelopment purposes; or
8	(B) any area needing redevelopment within the jurisdiction of
9	the commissioners.
10	(11) Institute or defend in the name of the unit any civil action.
11	(12) Use any legal or equitable remedy that is necessary or
12	considered proper to protect and enforce the rights of and perform
13	the duties of the department of redevelopment.
14	(13) Exercise the power of eminent domain in the name of and
15	within the corporate boundaries of the unit in the manner
16	prescribed by section 20 of this chapter.
17	(14) (13) Appoint an executive director, appraisers, real estate
18	experts, engineers, architects, surveyors, and attorneys.
19	(15) (14) Appoint clerks, guards, laborers, and other employees
20	the commission considers advisable, except that those
21	appointments must be made in accordance with the merit system
22	of the unit if such a system exists.
23	(16) (15) Prescribe the duties and regulate the compensation of
24	employees of the department of redevelopment.
25	(17) (16) Provide a pension and retirement system for employees
26	of the department of redevelopment by using the Indiana public
27	employees' retirement fund or a retirement plan approved by the
28	United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.
29	(18) (17) Discharge and appoint successors to employees of the
30	department of redevelopment subject to subdivision (15). (14).
31	(19) (18) Rent offices for use of the department of redevelopment,
32	or accept the use of offices furnished by the unit.
33	(20) (19) Equip the offices of the department of redevelopment
34	with the necessary furniture, furnishings, equipment, records, and
35	supplies.
36	(21) (20) Expend, on behalf of the special taxing district, all or
37	any part of the money of the special taxing district.
38	(22) (21) Contract for the construction of:
39	(A) local public improvements (as defined in IC 36-7-14.5-6)
40	or structures that are necessary for redevelopment of areas
41	needing redevelopment or economic development within the
42	corporate boundaries of the unit; or



1	(B) any structure that enhances development or economic
2	development.
3	(23) (22) Contract for the construction, extension, or
4	improvement of pedestrian skyways.
5	(24) (23) Accept loans, grants, and other forms of financia
6	assistance from the federal government, the state government, a
7	municipal corporation, a special taxing district, a foundation, or
8	any other source.
9	(25) (24) Provide financial assistance (including grants and loans)
10	to enable individuals and families to purchase or lease residentia
11	units in a multiple unit residential structure within the district
12 13	However, financial assistance may be provided only to individuals
13	and families whose income is at or below the unit's median
15	income for individuals and families, respectively.
16	(26) (25) Provide financial assistance (including grants and loans)
17	to neighborhood development corporations to permit them to: (A) provide financial assistance for the purposes described in
18	subdivision (25); (24); or
19	(B) construct, rehabilitate, or repair commercial property
20	within the district.
21	(27) (26) Require as a condition of financial assistance to the
22	owner of a multiple unit residential structure that any of the units
23	leased by the owner must be leased:
24	(A) for a period to be determined by the commission, which
25	may not be less than five (5) years;
26	(B) to families whose income does not exceed eighty percen
27	(80%) of the unit's median income for families; and
28	(C) at an affordable rate.
29	(b) Conditions imposed by the commission under subsection (a)(27)
30	(a)(26) remain in force throughout the period determined under
31	subsection $\frac{(a)(27)(A)}{(a)(26)(A)}$, even if the owner sells, leases, or
32	conveys the property. The subsequent owner or lessee is bound by the
33	conditions for the remainder of the period.
34	(c) As used in this section, "pedestrian skyway" means a pedestrian
35	walkway within or outside of the public right-of-way and through and
36	above public or private property and buildings, including all structura
37	supports required to connect skyways to buildings or buildings under
38	construction. Pedestrian skyways constructed, extended, or improved
39	over or through public or private property constitute public property
40	and public improvements, constitute a public use and purpose, and do
41	not require vacation of any public way or other property.

(d) All powers that may be exercised under this chapter by the



1	redevelopment commission may also be exercised by the
2	redevelopment commission in carrying out its duties and purposes
3	under IC 36-7-14.5. However, if a power pertains to issuing bonds
4	or incurring an obligation, the exercise of the power must first be
5	specifically approved by the fiscal or legislative body of the unit,
6	whichever applies.
7	(e) A commission may not exercise the power of eminent
8	domain.
9	SECTION 7. IC 36-7-14-12.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2007,
10	SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 12.3. IC 5-16-7 applies to:
12	(1) a person that enters into a contract with a redevelopment
13	commission to perform construction work referred to in section
14	12.2(a)(4), 12.2(a)(7), 12.2(a)(21) , or 12.2(a)(22) or 12.2(a)(23)
15	of this chapter; and
16	(2) a subcontractor of a person described in subdivision (1);
17	with respect to the construction work referred to in subdivision (1).
18	SECTION 8. IC 36-7-14-12.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
19	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
20	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 12.4. (a) Notwithstanding any
21	other provision in this chapter, after June 30, 2014:
22	(1) a redevelopment commission;
23	(2) a department of redevelopment; or
24	(3) any other entity:
25	(A) established by the commission or department;
26	(B) controlled by the commission or a member of the
27	commission regardless of any pecuniary interest the
28	member may have; or
29	(C) to which the commission or department has delegated
30	any power to act or hold property under this chapter;
31	may not own, lease, or otherwise hold a single family dwelling or
32	condominium unit for purposes of leasing for the use by individuals
33	as a dwelling. In addition, an arrangement or agreement that is
34	contrary to this section may not be extended beyond the term of the
35	arrangement or agreement as in effect on June 30, 2014. However,
36	a commission, department, or entity covered by this section may
37	own property in the capacity of a land bank for a unit.
38	(b) After June 30, 2014, a project involving telecommunication
39	equipment, such as fiber optic cabling and related equipment, may

not be included as part of the assessed value and may not be

financed using proceeds from an obligation under this chapter if

the telecommunications services that would be provided are



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already being provided in the area.

SECTION 9. IC 36-7-14-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2013, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 13. (a) Not later than March 15 of each year, the redevelopment commissioners or their designees shall file with the unit's executive a report setting out their activities during the preceding calendar year.

- (b) The report of the commissioners of a municipal redevelopment commission must show the names of the then qualified and acting commissioners, the names of the officers of that body, the number of regular employees and their fixed salaries or compensation, the amount of the expenditures made during the preceding year and their general purpose, an accounting of the tax increment revenues expended by any entity receiving the tax increment revenues as a grant or loan from the commission, the amount of funds on hand at the close of the calendar year, and other information necessary to disclose the activities of the commissioners and the results obtained.
- (c) The report of the commissioners of a county redevelopment commission must show all the information required by subsection (b), plus the names of any commissioners appointed to or removed from office during the preceding calendar year.
- (d) A copy of each report filed under this section must be submitted to the department of local government finance in an electronic format.
- (e) Before August 1 each year, the redevelopment commissioners shall also submit a report to the fiscal body of the unit. The report must include the following information set forth for each tax increment financing district regarding the previous year:
 - (1) Revenues received.
 - (2) Expenses paid.
 - (3) Fund balances.
 - (4) The amount and maturity date for all outstanding obligations.
 - (5) The amount paid on outstanding obligations.
 - (6) A list of all the parcels included in each tax increment financing district allocation area and the base assessed value and incremental assessed value for each parcel in the list.

Before October 1 each year, the fiscal body shall compile the reports received for all the tax increment financing districts and submit a comprehensive report to the department of local government finance in the form required by the department of local government finance.

(e) A redevelopment commission and a department of redevelopment are subject to the same laws, rules, and ordinances of a general nature that apply to all other commissions or



1	departments of the unit.
2	SECTION 10. IC 36-7-14-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.172-2011
3	SECTION 147, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
4	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 15. (a) Whenever the
5	redevelopment commission finds that:
6	(1) an area in the territory under its jurisdiction is an area needing
7	redevelopment;
8	(2) the conditions described in IC 36-7-1-3 cannot be corrected in
9	the area by regulatory processes or the ordinary operations of
10	private enterprise without resort to this chapter;
11	(3) the public health and welfare will be benefited by:
12	(A) the acquisition and redevelopment of the area under this
13	chapter as a redevelopment project area; or
14	(B) the amendment of the resolution or plan, or both, for ar
15	existing redevelopment project area; and
16	(4) in the case of an amendment to the resolution or plan for ar
17	existing redevelopment project area:
18	(A) the amendment is reasonable and appropriate when
19	considered in relation to the original resolution or plan and the
20	purposes of this chapter; and
21	(B) the resolution or plan, with the proposed amendment
22	conforms to the comprehensive plan for the unit;
23	the commission shall cause to be prepared the data described in
24	subsection (b).
25	(b) After making a finding under subsection (a), the commission
26	shall cause to be prepared:
27	(1) maps and plats showing:
28	(A) the boundaries of the area in which property would be
29	acquired for, or otherwise affected by, the establishment of a
30	redevelopment project area; or the amendment of the
31	resolution or plan for an existing area;
32	(B) the location of the various parcels of property, streets
33	alleys, and other features affecting the acquisition, clearance
34	remediation, replatting, replanning, rezoning, or
35	redevelopment of the area, indicating any parcels of property
36	to be excluded from the acquisition or otherwise excluded
37	from the effects of the establishment of the redevelopmen
38	project area; or the amendment of the resolution or plan for ar
39	existing area; and
40	(C) the parts of the area acquired, if any, that are to be devoted
41	to public ways, levees, sewerage, parks, playgrounds, and
42	other public purposes under the redevelopment plan;



1	(2) lists of the owners of the various parcels of property proposed
2	to be acquired for, or otherwise affected by, the establishment of
3	an area or the amendment of the resolution or plan for an existing
4	area; and
5	(3) an estimate of the costs, if any, to be incurred for the
6	acquisition and redevelopment of property.
7	(c) This subsection applies to the initial establishment of a
8	redevelopment project area. After completion of the data required by

- (c) This subsection applies to the initial establishment of a redevelopment project area. After completion of the data required by subsection (b), the redevelopment commission shall adopt a resolution declaring that:
 - (1) the area needing redevelopment is a menace to the social and economic interest of the unit and its inhabitants;
 - (2) it will be of public utility and benefit to acquire the area and redevelop it under this chapter; and
 - (3) the area is designated as a redevelopment project area for purposes of this chapter.

The resolution must state the general boundaries of the redevelopment project area, and that the department of redevelopment proposes to acquire all of the interests in the land within the boundaries, with certain designated exceptions, if there are any.

- (d) This subsection applies to the amendment of the resolution or plan for an existing redevelopment project area. After completion of the data required by subsection (b), the redevelopment commission shall adopt a resolution declaring that:
 - (1) it will be of public utility and benefit to amend the resolution or plan for the area; and
 - (2) any additional area to be acquired under the amendment is designated as part of the existing redevelopment project area for purposes of this chapter.

The resolution must state the general boundaries of the redevelopment project area, including any changes made to those boundaries by the amendment, and describe the activities that the department of redevelopment is permitted to take under the amendment, with any designated exceptions. The resolution and all supporting information shall be submitted to the legislative body of the unit establishing the redevelopment commission for approval. The legislative body must approve the additional area as part of the redevelopment project area for purposes of this chapter.

(e) For the purpose of adopting a resolution under subsection (c), or (d), it is sufficient to describe the boundaries of the redevelopment project area by its location in relation to public ways or streams, or otherwise, as determined by the commissioners. Property excepted



from the application of a resolution may be described by street numbers or location.

SECTION 11. IC 36-7-14-19, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005, SECTION 15, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 19. (a) If no appeal is taken or if an appeal is taken but is unsuccessful, the redevelopment commission shall proceed with the proposed project to the extent that money is available for that purpose.

- (b) The redevelopment commission shall first approve and adopt a list of the real property and interests in real property to be acquired and the price to be offered to the owner of each parcel of interest. The prices to be offered may not exceed the average of two (2) independent appraisals of fair market value procured by the commission except that appraisals are not required in transactions with other governmental agencies. However, if the real property is less than five (5) acres in size and the fair market value of the real property or interest has been appraised by one (1) independent appraiser at less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), the second appraisal may be made by a qualified employee of the department of redevelopment. The prices indicated on the list may not be exceeded unless specifically authorized by the commission or ordered by a court in condemnation proceedings. The commission may except from acquisition any real property in the area if the commission finds that such an acquisition is not necessary under the redevelopment plan. Appraisals made under this section are for the information of the commission and are not open for public inspection.
- (c) Negotiations for the purchase of property may be carried on directly by the redevelopment commission, by its employees, or by expert negotiations, but no option, contract, or understanding relative to the purchase of real property is binding on the commission until approved and accepted by the commission in writing. The commission may authorize the payment of a nominal fee to bind an option and as a part of the consideration for conveyance may agree to pay the expense incident to the conveyance and determination of the title of the property. Payment for the property purchased shall be made when and as directed by the commission but only on delivery of proper instruments conveying the title or interest of the owner to the "City (Town or County) of ______ for the use and benefit of its department of redevelopment". Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subsection, any agreement by the commission to:
 - (1) make payments for the property to be purchased for a term exceeding three (3) years; or
 - (2) pay a purchase price for the property that exceeds five



1	million dollars (\$5,000,000);
2	is subject to the prior approval of the legislative body of the unit.
3	(d) All real property and interests in real property acquired by the
4	redevelopment commission are free and clear of all liens, assessments,
5	and other governmental charges except for current property taxes,
6	which shall be prorated to the date of acquisition.
7	(e) Notwithstanding subsections (a) through (d), the redevelopment
8	commission may, before the time referred to in this section, accept gifts
9	of property needed for the redevelopment of redevelopment project
10	areas if the property is free and clear of all liens other than taxes,
11	assessments, and other governmental charges. The commission may,
12	before the time referred to in this section, take options on or contract
13	for the acquisition of property needed for the redevelopment of
14	redevelopment project areas if the options and contracts are not binding
15	on the commission or the district until the time referred to in this
16	section and until money is available to pay the consideration set out in
17	the options or contracts.
18	SECTION 12. IC 36-7-14-20 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
19	1, 2014]. Sec. 20: (a) Subject to the approval of the legislative body of
20	the unit that established the department of redevelopment, if the
21	redevelopment commission considers it necessary to acquire real
22	property in a redevelopment project area by the exercise of the power
23	of eminent domain, the commission shall adopt a resolution setting out
24	its determination to exercise that power and directing its attorney to file
25	a petition in the name of the unit on behalf of the department of
26	redevelopment, in the circuit or superior court of the county in which
27	the property is situated.
28	(b) Eminent domain proceedings under this section are governed by
29	IC 32-24 and other applicable statutory provisions for the exercise of
30	the power of eminent domain. Property already devoted to a public use
31	may be acquired under this section, but property belonging to the state
32	or any political subdivision may not be acquired without its consent.
33	(e) The court having jurisdiction shall direct the clerk of the circuit
34	court to execute a deed conveying the title of real property acquired
35	under this section to the unit for the use and benefit of its department
36	of redevelopment.
37	SECTION 13. IC 36-7-14-22.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.118-2013,
38	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
39	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 22.5. (a) This section applies to the following:
40	(1) Real property:
41	(A) that was acquired by the commission to carry out a

redevelopment project, an economic development area project,



1	or an urban renewal project; and
2	(B) relative to which the commission has, at a public hearing,
3	decided that the real property is not needed to complete the
4	redevelopment activity, an economic development activity, or
5	urban renewal activity in the project area.
6	(2) Real property acquired under this chapter that is not in a
7	redevelopment project area, economic development area, or an
8	urban renewal project area.
9	(3) Parcels of property secured from the county under
10	IC 6-1.1-25-9(e) that were acquired by the county under
11	IC 6-1.1-24 and IC 6-1.1-25.
12	(4) Real property donated or transferred to the commission to be
13	held and disposed of under this section.
14	However, this section does not apply to property acquired under section
15	32.5 of this chapter.
16	(b) The commission may do the following to or for real property
17	described in subsection (a):
18	(1) Examine, classify, manage, protect, insure, and maintain the
19	property.
20	(2) Eliminate deficiencies (including environmental deficiencies),
21	carry out repairs, remove structures, and make improvements.
22	(3) Control the use of the property.
23	(4) Lease the property.
24	(5) Use any powers under section 12.2 of this chapter in relation
25	to the property.
26	(c) The commission may enter into contracts to carry out part or all
27	of the functions described in subsection (b).
28	(d) The commission may extinguish all delinquent taxes, special
29	assessments, and penalties relative to real property donated to the
30	commission to be held and disposed of under this section. The
31	commission shall provide the county auditor with a list of the real
32	property on which delinquent taxes, special assessments, and penalties
33	are extinguished under this subsection.
34	(e) Subject to the prior approval by the legislative body of the
35	unit, real property described in subsection (a) may be sold, exchanged,
36	transferred, granted, donated, or otherwise disposed of in any of the
37	following ways:
38	(1) In accordance with section 22, 22.2, 22.6, or 22.7 of this
39	chapter.
40	(2) In accordance with the provisions authorizing an urban
41	homesteading program under IC 36-7-17 or IC 36-7-17.1.
42	The commission shall provide to the legislative body of the unit at
. –	and commission shall be or two to the registerine body of the unit at



a public meeting all the information supporting the action the
commission proposes to take under this subsection, including any
terms and conditions to which the commission would have to agree
to carry out the action.

- (f) In disposing of real property under subsection (e), the commission may:
 - (1) group together properties for disposition in a manner that will best serve the interest of the community, from the standpoint of both human and economic welfare; and
 - (2) group together nearby or similar properties to facilitate convenient disposition.

SECTION 14. IC 36-7-14-25.1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2011, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 25.1. (a) In addition to other methods of raising money for property acquisition or redevelopment in a redevelopment project area, and in anticipation of the special tax to be levied under section 27 of this chapter, the taxes allocated under section 39 of this chapter, or other revenues of the district, or any combination of these sources, the redevelopment commission may, by **bond** resolution and subject to subsection subsections (c) and (p), issue the bonds of the special taxing district in the name of the unit. The amount of the bonds may not exceed the total, as estimated by the commission, of all expenses reasonably incurred in connection with the acquisition and redevelopment of the property, including:

- (1) the total cost of all land, rights-of-way, and other property to be acquired and redeveloped;
- (2) all reasonable and necessary architectural, engineering, legal, financing, accounting, advertising, bond discount, and supervisory expenses related to the acquisition and redevelopment of the property or the issuance of bonds;
- (3) capitalized interest permitted by this chapter and a debt service reserve for the bonds to the extent the redevelopment commission determines that a reserve is reasonably required; and
- (4) expenses that the redevelopment commission is required or permitted to pay under IC 8-23-17.
- (b) If the redevelopment commission plans to acquire different parcels of land or let different contracts for redevelopment work at approximately the same time, whether under one (1) or more resolutions, the commission may provide for the total cost in one (1) issue of bonds.
- (c) The legislative body of the unit must adopt a resolution that specifies the public purpose of the bond, the use of the bond



proceeds, the maximum principal amount of the bond, the term of
the bond, and the maximum interest rate or rates of the bond, any
provision for redemption before maturity, and any provision for
the payment of capitalized interest. The bonds must be dated as set
forth in the bond resolution and negotiable, subject to the requirements
of the bond resolution for registering the bonds. The resolution
authorizing the bonds must state:
(1) the denominations of the bonds;
(2) the place or places at which the bonds are payable; and
(3) the term of the bonds, which may not exceed:
(A) fifty (50) years, for bonds issued before July 1, 2008;
(B) thirty (30) years, for bonds issued after June 30, 2008, to
finance:

- (i) an integrated coal gasification powerplant (as defined in IC 6-3.1-29-6);
- (ii) a part of an integrated coal gasification powerplant (as defined in IC 6-3.1-29-6); or
- (iii) property used in the operation or maintenance of an integrated coal gasification powerplant (as defined in IC 6-3.1-29-6);

that received a certificate of public convenience and necessity from the Indiana utility regulatory commission under IC 8-1-8.5 et seq. before July 1, 2008; or

(C) twenty-five (25) years, for bonds issued after June 30, 2008, that are not described in clause (B).

The bond resolution may also state that the bonds are redeemable before maturity with or without a premium, as determined by the redevelopment commission.

- (d) The redevelopment commission shall certify a copy of the resolution authorizing the bonds to the municipal or county fiscal officer, who shall then prepare the bonds, subject to subsection subsections (c) and (p). The seal of the unit must be impressed on the bonds, or a facsimile of the seal must be printed on the bonds.
- (e) The bonds must be executed by the appropriate officer of the unit and attested by the municipal or county fiscal officer.
 - (f) The bonds are exempt from taxation for all purposes.
- (g) The municipal or county fiscal officer shall give notice of the sale of the bonds by publication in accordance with IC 5-3-1. The municipal fiscal officer, or county fiscal officer or executive, shall sell the bonds to the highest bidder, but may not sell them for less than ninety-seven percent (97%) of their par value. However, bonds payable solely or in part from tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(3) of



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this chapter, or other revenues of the district may be sold at a private
negotiated sale.
(h) Except as provided in subsection (i), a redevelopment
commission may not issue the bands when the total issue including

- (h) Except as provided in subsection (i), a redevelopment commission may not issue the bonds when the total issue, including bonds already issued and to be issued, exceeds two percent (2%) of the adjusted value of the taxable property in the special taxing district, as determined under IC 36-1-15.
- (i) The bonds are not a corporate obligation of the unit but are an indebtedness of the taxing district. The bonds and interest are payable, as set forth in the bond resolution of the redevelopment commission:
 - (1) from a special tax levied upon all of the property in the taxing district, as provided by section 27 of this chapter;
 - (2) from the tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(3) of this chapter;
 - (3) from other revenues available to the redevelopment commission; or
 - (4) from a combination of the methods stated in subdivisions (1) through (3).

If the bonds are payable solely from the tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(3) of this chapter, other revenues of the redevelopment commission, or any combination of these sources, they may be issued in any amount without limitation. not to exceed the maximum amount approved by the legislative body in the resolution described in subsection (c).

- (j) Proceeds from the sale of bonds may be used to pay the cost of interest on the bonds for a period not to exceed five (5) years from the date of issuance.
- (k) All laws relating to the giving of notice of the issuance of bonds, the giving of notice of a hearing on the appropriation of the proceeds of the bonds, the right of taxpayers to appear and be heard on the proposed appropriation, and the approval of the appropriation by the department of local government finance apply to all bonds issued under this chapter that are payable from the special benefits tax levied pursuant to section 27 of this chapter or from taxes allocated under section 39 of this chapter.
 - (1) All laws relating to:
 - (1) the filing of petitions requesting the issuance of bonds; and
 - (2) the right of:
 - (A) taxpayers and voters to remonstrate against the issuance of bonds in the case of a proposed bond issue described by IC 6-1.1-20-3.1(a); or
 - (B) voters to vote on the issuance of bonds in the case of a



1 proposed bond issue described by IC 6-1.1-20-3.5(a); 2 apply to bonds issued under this chapter except for bonds payable 3 solely from tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(3) of this 4 chapter, other revenues of the redevelopment commission, or any 5 combination of these sources. 6 (m) If a debt service reserve is created from the proceeds of bonds, 7 the debt service reserve may be used to pay principal and interest on 8 the bonds as provided in the bond resolution.

- (n) Any amount remaining in the debt service reserve after all of the bonds of the issue for which the debt service reserve was established have matured shall be:
 - (1) deposited in the allocation fund established under section 39(b)(3) of this chapter; and
 - (2) to the extent permitted by law, transferred to the county or municipality that established the department of redevelopment for use in reducing the county's or municipality's property tax levies for debt service.
- (o) If bonds are issued under this chapter that are payable solely or in part from revenues to the redevelopment commission from a project or projects, the redevelopment commission may adopt a resolution or trust indenture or enter into covenants as is customary in the issuance of revenue bonds. The resolution or trust indenture may pledge or assign the revenues from the project or projects, but may not convey or mortgage any project or parts of a project. The resolution or trust indenture may also contain any provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bond owners as may be reasonable and proper and not in violation of law, including covenants setting forth the duties of the redevelopment commission. The redevelopment commission may establish fees and charges for the use of any project and covenant with the owners of any bonds to set those fees and charges at a rate sufficient to protect the interest of the owners of the bonds. Any revenue bonds issued by the redevelopment commission that are payable solely from revenues of the commission shall contain a statement to that effect in the form of bond.
- (p) If the total principal amount of bonds authorized by a resolution of the redevelopment commission adopted before July 1, 2008, is equal to or greater than three million dollars (\$3,000,000), the bonds may not be issued without the approval, by resolution, of the legislative body of the unit. Bonds authorized in any principal amount by a resolution of the redevelopment commission adopted after June 30, 2008, may not be issued without the approval of the legislative body of the unit.

SECTION 15. IC 36-7-14-25.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,



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SECTION 733, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 25.2. (a) **Subject to the prior approval of the fiscal body of the unit under subsection (c),** a redevelopment commission may enter into a lease of any property that could be financed with the proceeds of bonds issued under this chapter with a lessor for a term not to exceed:

(1) fifty (50) years, for a lease entered into before July 1, 2008; or (2) twenty-five (25) years, for a lease entered into after June 30, 2008

The lease may provide for payments to be made by the redevelopment commission from special benefits taxes levied under section 27 of this chapter, taxes allocated under section 39 of this chapter, any other revenues available to the redevelopment commission, or any combination of these sources.

- (b) A lease may provide that payments by the redevelopment commission to the lessor are required only to the extent and only for the period that the lessor is able to provide the leased facilities in accordance with the lease. The terms of each lease must be based upon the value of the facilities leased and may not create a debt of the unit or the district for purposes of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.
- (c) A lease may be entered into by the redevelopment commission only after a public hearing by the redevelopment commission at which all interested parties are provided the opportunity to be heard. After the public hearing, the redevelopment commission may adopt a resolution authorizing the execution of the lease on behalf of the unit if it finds that the service to be provided throughout the term of the lease will serve the public purpose of the unit and is in the best interests of its residents. Any lease approved by a resolution of the redevelopment commission must **also** be approved by an ordinance **or resolution** of the fiscal body of the unit. **The approving ordinance or resolution of the fiscal body must include the following:**
 - (1) The maximum annual lease rental for the lease.
 - (2) The maximum interest rate or rates, any provisions for redemption before maturity, and any provisions for the payment of capitalized interest associated with the lease.
 - (3) The maximum term of the lease.
- (d) Upon execution of a lease providing for payments by the redevelopment commission in whole or in part from the levy of special benefits taxes under section 27 of this chapter and upon approval of the lease by the unit's fiscal body, the redevelopment commission shall publish notice of the execution of the lease and its approval in accordance with IC 5-3-1. Fifty (50) or more taxpayers residing in the



redevelopment district who will be affected by the lease and who may be of the opinion that no necessity exists for the execution of the lease or that the payments provided for in the lease are not fair and reasonable may file a petition in the office of the county auditor within thirty (30) days after the publication of the notice of execution and approval. The petition must set forth the petitioners' names, addresses, and objections to the lease and the facts showing that the execution of the lease is unnecessary or unwise or that the payments provided for in the lease are not fair and reasonable, as the case may be.

- (e) Upon the filing of the petition, the county auditor shall immediately certify a copy of it, together with such other data as may be necessary in order to present the questions involved, to the department of local government finance. Upon receipt of the certified petition and information, the department of local government finance shall fix a time and place for a hearing in the redevelopment district, which must be not less than five (5) or more than thirty (30) days after the time is fixed. Notice of the hearing shall be given by the department of local government finance to the members of the fiscal body, to the redevelopment commission, and to the first fifty (50) petitioners on the petition by a letter signed by the commissioner or deputy commissioner of the department and enclosed with fully prepaid postage sent to those persons at their usual place of residence, at least five (5) days before the date of the hearing. The decision of the department of local government finance on the appeal, upon the necessity for the execution of the lease, and as to whether the payments under it are fair and reasonable, is final.
- (f) A redevelopment commission entering into a lease payable from allocated taxes under section 39 of this chapter or other available funds of the redevelopment commission may:
 - (1) pledge the revenue to make payments under the lease pursuant to IC 5-1-14-4; and
 - (2) establish a special fund to make the payments.
- (g) Lease rentals may be limited to money in the special fund so that the obligations of the redevelopment commission to make the lease rental payments are not considered debt of the unit or the district for purposes of the Constitution of the State of Indiana.
- (h) Except as provided in this section, no approvals of any governmental body or agency are required before the redevelopment commission enters into a lease under this section.
- (i) An action to contest the validity of the lease or to enjoin the performance of any of its terms and conditions must be brought within thirty (30) days after the publication of the notice of the execution and



approval of the lease. However, if the lease is payable in whole or in part from tax levies and an appeal has been taken to the department of local government finance, an action to contest the validity or enjoin the performance must be brought within thirty (30) days after the decision of the department.

(j) If a redevelopment commission exercises an option to buy a leased facility from a lessor, the redevelopment commission may subsequently sell the leased facility, without regard to any other statute, to the lessor at the end of the lease term at a price set forth in the lease or at fair market value established at the time of the sale by the redevelopment commission through auction, appraisal, or arms length negotiation. If the facility is sold at auction, after appraisal, or through negotiation, the redevelopment commission shall conduct a hearing after public notice in accordance with IC 5-3-1 before the sale. Any action to contest the sale must be brought within fifteen (15) days of the hearing.

SECTION 16. IC 36-7-14-27, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2011, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 27. (a) This section applies only to:

- (1) bonds that are issued under section 25.1 of this chapter; and
- (2) leases entered into under section 25.2 of this chapter; which are payable from a special tax levied upon all of the property in the special taxing district. This section does not apply to bonds or leases that are payable solely from tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(3) of this chapter, other revenues of the redevelopment commission, or any combination of these sources.
- (b) The redevelopment commission, with the prior approval of the legislative body, shall levy each year a special tax on all of the property of the redevelopment taxing district, in such a manner as to meet and pay the principal of the bonds as they mature, together with all accruing interest on the bonds or lease rental payments under section 25.2 of this chapter. The commission shall cause the tax levied to be certified to the proper officers as other tax levies are certified, and to the auditor of the county in which the redevelopment district is located, before the second day of October in each year. The tax shall be estimated and entered on the tax duplicate by the county auditor and shall be collected and enforced by the county treasurer in the same manner as other state and county taxes are estimated, entered, collected, and enforced. The amount of the tax levied to pay bonds or lease rentals payable from the tax levied under this section shall be reduced by any amount available in the allocation fund established under section 39(b)(3) of this chapter or other revenues of the



redevelopment commission to the extent such revenues have been set aside in the redevelopment bond fund.

- (c) As the tax is collected, it shall be accumulated in a separate fund to be known as the redevelopment district bond fund and shall be applied to the payment of the bonds as they mature and the interest on the bonds as it accrues, or to make lease payments and to no other purpose. All accumulations of the fund before their use for the payment of bonds and interest or to make lease payments shall be deposited with the depository or depositories for other public funds of the unit in accordance with IC 5-13, unless they are invested under IC 5-13-9.
- (d) If there are no outstanding bonds that are payable solely or in part from tax proceeds allocated under section 39(b)(3) of this chapter and that were issued to pay costs of redevelopment in an allocation area that is located wholly or in part in the special taxing district, then all proceeds from the sale or leasing of property in the allocation area under section 22 of this chapter shall be paid into the redevelopment district bond fund and become a part of that fund. In arriving at the tax levy for any year, the redevelopment commission shall take into account the amount of the proceeds deposited under this subsection and remaining on hand.
- (e) The tax levies provided for in this section are reviewable by other bodies vested by law with the authority to ascertain that the levies are sufficient to raise the amount that, with other amounts available, is sufficient to meet the payments under the lease payable from the levy of taxes.

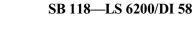
SECTION 17. IC 36-7-14-27.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 735, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 27.5. (a) **Subject to the prior approval by the legislative body of the unit,** the redevelopment commission may borrow money in anticipation of receipt of the proceeds of taxes levied for the redevelopment district bond fund and not yet collected, and may evidence this borrowing by issuing warrants of the redevelopment district. However, the aggregate principal amount of warrants issued in anticipation of and payable from the same tax levy or levies may not exceed an amount equal to eighty percent (80%) of that tax levy or levies, as certified by the department of local government finance, or as determined by multiplying the rate of tax as finally approved by the total assessed valuation (after deducting all mortgage deductions) within the redevelopment district, as most recently certified by the county auditor.

(b) The warrants may be authorized and issued at any time after the tax or taxes in anticipation of which they are issued have been levied



by the redevelopment commission. For purposes of this section, taxes
for any year are considered to be levied upon adoption by the
commission of a resolution prescribing the tax levies for the year.
However, the warrants may not be delivered and paid for before final
approval of the tax levy or levies by the county board of tax adjustment
or, if appealed, by the department of local government finance, unless
the issuance of the warrants has been approved by the department.

- (c) All action that this section requires or authorizes the redevelopment commission to take may be taken by resolution, which need not be published or posted. The resolution takes effect immediately upon its adoption by the redevelopment commission. An action to contest the validity of tax anticipation warrants may not be brought later than ten (10) days after the sale date.
- (d) In their resolution authorizing the warrants, the redevelopment commission must provide that the warrants mature at a time or times not later than December 31 after the year in which the taxes in anticipation of which the warrants are issued are due and payable.
- (e) In their resolution authorizing the warrants, the redevelopment commission may provide:
 - (1) the date of the warrants;
 - (2) the interest rate of the warrants;
 - (3) the time of interest payments on the warrants;
 - (4) the denomination of the warrants;
 - (5) the form either registered or payable to bearer, of the warrants;
 - (6) the place or places of payment of the warrants, either inside or outside the state;
 - (7) the medium of payment of the warrants;
 - (8) the terms of redemption, if any, of the warrants, at a price not exceeding par value and accrued interest;
 - (9) the manner of execution of the warrants; and
 - (10) that all costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the warrants may be paid from the proceeds of the warrants.
- (f) The warrants shall be sold for not less than par value, after notice inviting bids has been published under IC 5-3-1. The redevelopment commission may also publish the notice in other newspapers or financial journals.
- (g) Warrants and the interest on them are not subject to any limitation contained in section 25.1 of this chapter, and are payable solely from the proceeds of the tax levy or levies in anticipation of which the warrants were issued. The authorizing resolution must pledge a sufficient amount of the proceeds of the tax levy or levies to the payment of the warrants and the interest.





1	SECTION 18. IC 36-7-14-32.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY
2	1, 2014]. Sec. 32.5. (a) Subject to the approval of the fiscal body of the
3	unit that established the department of redevelopment, the commission
4	may acquire a parcel of real property by the exercise of eminent
5	domain when the real property has all of the following characteristics:
6	(1) The real property meets at least one (1) of the conditions
7	described in IC 32-24-4.5-7(1).
8	(2) The real property is capable of being developed or
9	rehabilitated to provide affordable housing for low or moderate
10	income families or to provide other development that will benefit
11	or serve low or moderate income families.
12	(3) The condition of the real property has a negative impact on the
13	use or value of the neighboring properties or other properties in
14	the community.
15	(b) The commission or the commission's designated hearing
16	examiner shall conduct a public meeting to determine whether a parcel
17	of real property has the characteristics set forth in subsection (a). Each
18	person holding a fee or life estate interest of record in the property must
19	be given notice by first class mail of the time and date of the hearing at
20	least ten (10) days before the hearing and is entitled to present evidence
21	and make arguments at the hearing.
22	(c) If the commission considers it necessary to acquire real property
23	under this section, the commission shall adopt a resolution setting out
24	the commission's determination to exercise that power and directing the
25	commission's attorney to file a petition in the name of the city on behalf
26	of the department in the circuit or superior court with jurisdiction in the
27	county.
28	(d) Eminent domain proceedings under this section are governed by
29	IC 32-24.
30	(e) The commission shall use real property acquired under this
31	section for one (1) of the following purposes:
32	(1) Sale in an urban homestead program under IC 36-7-17 or
33	IC 36-7-17.1.
34	(2) Sale to a family whose income is at or below the county's
35	median income for families.
36	(3) Sale or grant to a neighborhood development corporation with
37	a condition in the granting clause of the deed requiring the
38	nonprofit development corporation to lease or sell the property to
39	a family whose income is at or below the county's median income
40	for families or to cause development that will serve or benefit
41	families whose income is at or below the unit's median income for
42	families.



1	(4) Any other purpose appropriate under this chapter so long as
2	it will serve or benefit families whose income is at or below the
3	unit's median income for families.
4	(f) A neighborhood development corporation or nonprofi
5	corporation that receives property under this section must agree to
6	rehabilitate or otherwise develop the property in a manner that is
7	similar to and consistent with the use of the other properties in the area
8	served by the corporation.
9	SECTION 19. IC 36-7-14-39, AS AMENDED BY P.L.218-2013
10	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
11	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 39. (a) As used in this section:
12	"Allocation area" means that part of a redevelopment project area
13	to which an allocation provision of a declaratory resolution adopted
14	under section 15 of this chapter refers for purposes of distribution and
15	allocation of property taxes.
16	"Base assessed value" means the following:
17	(1) If an allocation provision is adopted after June 30, 1995, in a
18	declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory
19	resolution establishing an economic development area:
20	(A) the net assessed value of all the property as finally
21	determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the
22	effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory
23	resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h); plus
23 24 25	(B) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A), the ne
25	assessed value of property that is assessed as residentia
26	property under the rules of the department of local governmen
27	finance, as finally determined for any assessment date after the
28	effective date of the allocation provision.
29	(2) If an allocation provision is adopted after June 30, 1997, in a
30	declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory
31	resolution establishing a redevelopment project area:
32	(A) the net assessed value of all the property as finally
33	determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the
34	effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory
35	resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h); plus
36	(B) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A), the ne
37	assessed value of property that is assessed as residentia
38	property under the rules of the department of local governmen
39	finance, as finally determined for any assessment date after the
10	effective date of the allocation provision.
11	(3) If:
12	(A) an allocation provision adopted before June 30, 1005 in



1	a declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory
2	resolution establishing a redevelopment project area expires
3	after June 30, 1997; and
4	(B) after June 30, 1997, a new allocation provision is included
5	in an amendment to the declaratory resolution;
6	the net assessed value of all the property as finally determined for
7	the assessment date immediately preceding the effective date of
8	the allocation provision adopted after June 30, 1997, as adjusted
9	under subsection (h).
10	(4) Except as provided in subdivision (5), for all other allocation
11	areas, the net assessed value of all the property as finally
12	determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the
13	effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory
14	resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h).
15	(5) If an allocation area established in an economic development
16	area before July 1, 1995, is expanded after June 30, 1995, the
17	definition in subdivision (1) applies to the expanded part of the
18	area added after June 30, 1995.
19	(6) If an allocation area established in a redevelopment project
20	area before July 1, 1997, is expanded after June 30, 1997, the
21	definition in subdivision (2) applies to the expanded part of the
22	area added after June 30, 1997.
23	Except as provided in section 39.3 of this chapter, "property taxes"
24	means taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on real property. However, upon
25	approval by a resolution of the redevelopment commission adopted
26	before June 1, 1987, "property taxes" also includes taxes imposed
27	under IC 6-1.1 on depreciable personal property. If a redevelopment
28	commission adopted before June 1, 1987, a resolution to include within
29	the definition of property taxes, taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on
30	depreciable personal property that has a useful life in excess of eight
31	(8) years, the commission may by resolution determine the percentage
32	of taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on all depreciable personal property
33	that will be included within the definition of property taxes. However,
34	the percentage included must not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of
35	the taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on all depreciable personal property.

(b) A declaratory resolution adopted under section 15 of this chapter on or before the allocation deadline determined under subsection (i) may include a provision with respect to the allocation and distribution of property taxes for the purposes and in the manner provided in this section. A declaratory resolution previously adopted may include an allocation provision by the amendment of that declaratory resolution on or before the allocation deadline determined under subsection (i) in



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accordance with the procedures required for its original adoption. For an allocation area established before July 1, 1995, the expiration date of any allocation provisions for the allocation area is June 30, 2025, or the last date of any obligations that are outstanding on July 1, 2014, whichever is later. A declaratory resolution or an amendment that establishes an allocation provision after June 30, 1995, must specify an expiration date for the allocation provision. For an allocation area established before July 1, 2008, the expiration date may not be more than thirty (30) years after the date on which the allocation provision is established. For an allocation area established after June 30, 2008, the expiration date may not be more than twenty-five (25) years after the date on which the first obligation was incurred to pay principal and interest on bonds or lease rentals on leases payable from tax increment revenues. However, with respect to bonds or other obligations that were issued before July 1, 2008, if any of the bonds or other obligations that were scheduled when issued to mature before the specified expiration date and that are payable only from allocated tax proceeds with respect to the allocation area remain outstanding as of the expiration date, the allocation provision does not expire until all of the bonds or other obligations are no longer outstanding. The allocation provision may apply to all or part of the redevelopment project area. The allocation provision must require that any property taxes subsequently levied by or for the benefit of any public body entitled to a distribution of property taxes on taxable property in the allocation area be allocated and distributed as follows:

- (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the proceeds of the taxes attributable to the lesser of:
 - (A) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and distribution is made; or
 - (B) the base assessed value;
- shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the funds of the respective taxing units.
- (2) The excess of the proceeds of the property taxes imposed for the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and distribution is made that are attributable to taxes imposed after being approved by the voters in a referendum or local public question conducted after April 30, 2010, not otherwise included in subdivision (1) shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the funds of the taxing unit for which the referendum or local public question was conducted.
- (3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, property tax



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1	proceeds in excess of those described in subdivisions (1) and (2)
2	shall be allocated to the redevelopment district and, when
3	collected, paid into an allocation fund for that allocation area that
4	may be used by the redevelopment district only to do one (1) or
5	more of the following:
6	(A) Pay the principal of and interest on any obligations
7	payable solely from allocated tax proceeds which are incurred
8	by the redevelopment district for the purpose of financing or
9	refinancing the redevelopment of that allocation area.
0	(B) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve for
1	bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in
2	that allocation area.
3	(C) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds payable from
4	allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area and from the
5	special tax levied under section 27 of this chapter.
6	(D) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued by the
7	unit to pay for local public improvements that are physically
8	located in or physically connected to that allocation area.
9	(E) Pay premiums on the redemption before maturity of bonds
20	payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in that
21	allocation area.
22 23 24 25 26 27	(F) Make payments on leases payable from allocated tax
23	proceeds in that allocation area under section 25.2 of this
.4	chapter.
2.5	(G) Reimburse the unit for expenditures made by it for local
26	public improvements (which include buildings, parking
27	facilities, and other items described in section 25.1(a) of this
28	chapter) that are physically located in or physically connected
29	to that allocation area.
0	(H) Reimburse the unit for rentals paid by it for a building or
1	parking facility that is physically located in or physically
52	connected to that allocation area under any lease entered into
3	under IC 36-1-10.
4	(I) For property taxes first due and payable before January 1,
5	2009, pay all or a part of a property tax replacement credit to
6	taxpayers in an allocation area as determined by the
57	redevelopment commission. This credit equals the amount
8	determined under the following STEPS for each taxpayer in a
9	taxing district (as defined in IC 6-1.1-1-20) that contains all or
0	part of the allocation area:
-1	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts
-2	under IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A)$, IC $6-1.1-21-2(g)(2)$,



1 2	IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(3), IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(4), and IC 6.1.1-21-2(g)(5) (before their repeal) that is attributable to
3	IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(5) (before their repeal) that is attributable to
	the taxing district. STEP TWO: Divide:
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5	(i) that part of each county's eligible property tax
6	replacement amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2 (before its
7	repeal)) for that year as determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4
8	(before its repeal) that is attributable to the taxing district;
9	by
10	(ii) the STEP ONE sum.
l 1	STEP THREE: Multiply:
12	(i) the STEP TWO quotient; times
13	(ii) the total amount of the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in
14	IC 6-1.1-21-2 (before its repeal)) levied in the taxing district
15	that have been allocated during that year to an allocation
16	fund under this section.
17	If not all the taxpayers in an allocation area receive the credit
18	in full, each taxpayer in the allocation area is entitled to
19	receive the same proportion of the credit. A taxpayer may not
20	receive a credit under this section and a credit under section
21	39.5 of this chapter (before its repeal) in the same year.
22	(J) Pay expenses incurred by the redevelopment commission
23	for local public improvements that are in the allocation area or
24	serving the allocation area. Public improvements include
25	buildings, parking facilities, and other items described in
25 26	section 25.1(a) of this chapter.
27	(K) Reimburse public and private entities for expenses
28	incurred in training employees of industrial facilities that are
29	located:
30	(i) in the allocation area; and
31	(ii) on a parcel of real property that has been classified as
32	industrial property under the rules of the department of local
33	government finance.
34 35	However, the total amount of money spent for this purpose in
	any year may not exceed the total amount of money in the
36 37	allocation fund that is attributable to property taxes paid by the industrial facilities described in this clause. The
38	reimbursements under this clause must be made within three
39	(3) years after the date on which the investments that are the
10	basis for the increment financing are made.
1 1	(L) Pay the costs of carrying out an eligible efficiency project
12	(as defined in IC 36-9-41-1.5) within the unit that established



1	the redevelopment commission. However, property tax
2	proceeds may be used under this clause to pay the costs of
3	carrying out an eligible efficiency project only if those
4	property tax proceeds exceed the amount necessary to do the
5	following:
6	(i) Make, when due, any payments required under clauses
7	(A) through (K), including any payments of principal and
8	interest on bonds and other obligations payable under this
9	subdivision, any payments of premiums under this
10	subdivision on the redemption before maturity of bonds, and
11	any payments on leases payable under this subdivision.
12	(ii) Make any reimbursements required under this
13	subdivision.
14	(iii) Pay any expenses required under this subdivision.
15	(iv) Establish, augment, or restore any debt service reserve
16	under this subdivision.
17	The allocation fund may not be used for operating expenses of the
18	commission.
19	(4) Except as provided in subsection (g), before July 15 of each
20	year, the commission shall do the following:
21	(A) Determine the amount, if any, by which the assessed value
22	of the taxable property in the allocation area for the most
23	recent assessment date minus the base assessed value, when
24	multiplied by the estimated tax rate of the allocation area, will
25	exceed the amount of assessed value needed to produce the
26	property taxes necessary to make, when due, principal and
27	interest payments on bonds described in subdivision (3), plus
28	the amount necessary for other purposes described in
29	subdivision (3).
30	(B) Provide a written notice to the county auditor, the fiscal
31	body of the county or municipality that established the
32	department of redevelopment, and the officers who are
33	authorized to fix budgets, tax rates, and tax levies under
34	IC 6-1.1-17-5 for each of the other taxing units that is wholly
35	or partly located within the allocation area. The notice must:
36	(i) state the amount, if any, of excess assessed value that the
37	commission has determined may be allocated to the
38	respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in
39	subdivision (1); or
40	(ii) state that the commission has determined that there is no
41	excess assessed value that may be allocated to the respective

taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1).



1	The county auditor shall allocate to the respective taxing units
2	the amount, if any, of excess assessed value determined by the
3	commission. The commission may not authorize an allocation
4	of assessed value to the respective taxing units under this
5	subdivision if to do so would endanger the interests of the
6	holders of bonds described in subdivision (3) or lessors under
7	section 25.3 of this chapter.
8	(C) If:
9	(i) the amount of excess assessed value determined by the
10	commission is expected to generate more than two
11	hundred percent (200%) of the amount of allocated tax
12	proceeds necessary to make, when due, principal and
13	interest payments on bonds described in subdivision (3);
14	plus
15	(ii) the amount necessary for other purposes described in
16	subdivision (3);
17	the commission shall submit to the legislative body of the
18	unit its determination of the excess assessed value that the
19	commission proposes to allocate to the respective taxing
20	units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1). The
21	legislative body of the unit may approve the commission's
22	determination or modify the amount of the excess assessed
23	value that will be allocated to the respective taxing units in
24	the manner prescribed in subdivision (1).
25	(c) For the purpose of allocating taxes levied by or for any taxing
26	unit or units, the assessed value of taxable property in a territory in the
27	allocation area that is annexed by any taxing unit after the effective
28	date of the allocation provision of the declaratory resolution is the
29	lesser of:
30	(1) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date with
31	respect to which the allocation and distribution is made; or
32	(2) the base assessed value.
33	(d) Property tax proceeds allocable to the redevelopment district
34	under subsection (b)(3) may, subject to subsection (b)(4), be
35	irrevocably pledged by the redevelopment district for payment as set
36	forth in subsection (b)(3).
37	(e) Notwithstanding any other law, each assessor shall, upon
38	petition of the redevelopment commission, reassess the taxable
39	property situated upon or in, or added to, the allocation area, effective
40	on the next assessment date after the petition.



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on the next assessment date after the petition.

(f) Notwithstanding any other law, the assessed value of all taxable

property in the allocation area, for purposes of tax limitation, property

tax replacement, and formulation of the budget, tax rate, and tax levy for each political subdivision in which the property is located is the lesser of:

- (1) the assessed value of the property as valued without regard to this section; or
- (2) the base assessed value.

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- (g) If any part of the allocation area is located in an enterprise zone created under IC 5-28-15, the unit that designated the allocation area shall create funds as specified in this subsection. A unit that has obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (b)(3) shall establish an allocation fund for the purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) and a special zone fund. Such a unit shall, until the end of the enterprise zone phase out period, deposit each year in the special zone fund any amount in the allocation fund derived from property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2) from property located in the enterprise zone that exceeds the amount sufficient for the purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) for the year. The amount sufficient for purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) for the year shall be determined based on the pro rata portion of such current property tax proceeds from the part of the enterprise zone that is within the allocation area as compared to all such current property tax proceeds derived from the allocation area. A unit that has no obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (b)(3) shall establish a special zone fund and deposit all the property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2) in the fund derived from property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2) from property located in the enterprise zone. The unit that creates the special zone fund shall use the fund (based on the recommendations of the urban enterprise association) for programs in job training, job enrichment, and basic skill development that are designed to benefit residents and employers in the enterprise zone or other purposes specified in subsection (b)(3), except that where reference is made in subsection (b)(3) to allocation area it shall refer for purposes of payments from the special zone fund only to that part of the allocation area that is also located in the enterprise zone. Those programs shall reserve at least one-half (1/2) of their enrollment in any session for residents of the enterprise zone.
- (h) The state board of accounts and department of local government finance shall make the rules and prescribe the forms and procedures that they consider expedient for the implementation of this chapter. After each general reassessment of real property in an area under



- IC 6-1.1-4-4 and after each reassessment in an area under a reassessment plan prepared under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value one (1) time to neutralize any effect of the reassessment of the real property in the area on the property tax proceeds allocated to the redevelopment district under this section. After each annual adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value one (1) time to neutralize any effect of the annual adjustment on the property tax proceeds allocated to the redevelopment district under this section. However, the adjustments under this subsection:
 - (1) may not include the effect of phasing in assessed value due to property tax abatements under IC 6-1.1-12.1;
 - (2) may not produce less property tax proceeds allocable to the redevelopment district under subsection (b)(3) than would otherwise have been received if the general reassessment, the reassessment under the reassessment plan, or the annual adjustment had not occurred; and
 - (3) may decrease base assessed value only to the extent that assessed values in the allocation area have been decreased due to annual adjustments or the reassessment under the reassessment plan.

Assessed value increases attributable to the application of an abatement schedule under IC 6-1.1-12.1 may not be included in the base assessed value of an allocation area. The department of local government finance may prescribe procedures for county and township officials to follow to assist the department in making the adjustments.

- (i) The allocation deadline referred to in subsection (b) is determined in the following manner:
 - (1) The initial allocation deadline is December 31, 2011.
 - (2) Subject to subdivision (3), the initial allocation deadline and subsequent allocation deadlines are automatically extended in increments of five (5) years, so that allocation deadlines subsequent to the initial allocation deadline fall on December 31, 2016, and December 31 of each fifth year thereafter.
 - (3) At least one (1) year before the date of an allocation deadline determined under subdivision (2), the general assembly may enact a law that:
 - (A) terminates the automatic extension of allocation deadlines under subdivision (2); and
 - (B) specifically designates a particular date as the final allocation deadline.



SECTION 20. IC 36-7-14-43, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 740, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 43. (a) All of the rights, powers, privileges, and immunities that may be exercised by the commission in a redevelopment project area or urban renewal area may be exercised by the commission in an economic development area, subject to the following:

- (1) The content and manner of exercise of these rights, powers, privileges, and immunities shall be determined by the purposes and nature of an economic development area. A right, power, privilege, or immunity that pertains to issuing bonds or incurring an obligation may not be exercised by a redevelopment commission unless it is first specifically authorized by the fiscal or legislative body of the unit, whichever applies, regardless of any other law.
- (2) Real property (or interests in real property) relative to which action is taken in an economic development area is not required to meet the conditions described in IC 36-7-1-3.
- (3) The special tax levied in accordance with section 27 of this chapter may be used to carry out activities under this chapter in economic development areas.
- (4) Bonds may be issued in accordance with section 25.1 of this chapter to defray expenses of carrying out activities under this chapter in economic development areas if no other revenue sources are available for this purpose.
- (5) The tax exemptions set forth in section 37 of this chapter are applicable in economic development areas.
- (6) An economic development area may be an allocation area for the purposes of distribution and allocation of property taxes.
- (7) The commission may not use its power of eminent domain under section 20 of this chapter to carry out activities under this chapter in an economic development area.
- (b) The content and manner of discharge of duties set forth in section 11 of this chapter shall be determined by the purposes and nature of an economic development area.

SECTION 21. IC 36-7-14-46, AS ADDED BY P.L.154-2006, SECTION 74, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 46. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), All the rights, powers, privileges, and immunities that may be exercised by the commission in blighted, deteriorated, or deteriorating areas may be exercised by the commission in implementing its program for housing, including the following:





1	(1) The special tax levied in accordance with section 27 of this
2	chapter may be used to accomplish the housing program.
3	(2) Bonds may be issued under this chapter to accomplish the
4	housing program, but only one (1) issue of bonds may be issued
5	and payable from increments in any allocation area except for
6	refunding bonds or bonds issued in an amount necessary to
7	complete a housing program for which bonds were previously
8	issued.
9	(3) Leases may be entered into under this chapter to accomplish
10	the housing program.
11	(4) The tax exemptions set forth in section 37 of this chapter are
12	applicable.
13	(5) Property taxes may be allocated under section 39 of this
14	chapter.
15	(b) A commission may not exercise the power of eminent domain
16	in implementing its program for housing.
17	SECTION 22. IC 36-7-14-48, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2011,
18	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 48. (a) Notwithstanding section 39(a) of this
20	chapter, with respect to the allocation and distribution of property taxes
21	for the accomplishment of a program adopted under section 45 of this
22	chapter, "base assessed value" means the net assessed value of all of
23	the property, other than personal property, as finally determined for the
24	assessment date immediately preceding the effective date of the
25	allocation provision, as adjusted under section 39(h) of this chapter.
26	(b) The allocation fund established under section 39(b) of this
27	chapter for the allocation area for a program adopted under section 45
28	of this chapter may be used only for purposes related to the
29	accomplishment of the program, including the following:
30	(1) The construction, rehabilitation, or repair of residential units
31	within the allocation area.
32	(2) The construction, reconstruction, or repair of any
33	infrastructure (including streets, sidewalks, and sewers) within or
34	serving the allocation area.
35	(3) The acquisition of real property and interests in real property
36	within the allocation area.
37	(4) The demolition of real property within the allocation area.
38	(5) The provision of financial assistance to enable individuals and
39	families to purchase or lease residential units within the allocation
40	area. However, financial assistance may be provided only to those

individuals and families whose income is at or below the county's

median income for individuals and families, respectively.



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1	(6) The provision of financial assistance to neighborhood
2	development corporations to permit them to provide financial
3	assistance for the purposes described in subdivision (5).
4	(7) For property taxes first due and payable before January 1,
5	2009, providing each taxpayer in the allocation area a credit for
6	property tax replacement as determined under subsections (c) and
7	(d). However, the commission may provide this credit only if the
8	municipal legislative body (in the case of a redevelopment
9	commission established by a municipality) or the county
10	executive (in the case of a redevelopment commission established
11	by a county) establishes the credit by ordinance adopted in the
12	year before the year in which the credit is provided.
13	(c) The maximum credit that may be provided under subsection
14	(b)(7) to a taxpayer in a taxing district that contains all or part of an
15	allocation area established for a program adopted under section 45 of
16	this chapter shall be determined as follows:
17	STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts
18	described in IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A) and IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(2)
19	through IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(5) (before their repeal) that is
20	attributable to the taxing district.
21	STEP TWO: Divide:
22	(A) that part of each county's eligible property tax replacement
23	amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal) for
24	that year as determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4(a)(1) (before its
25	repeal) that is attributable to the taxing district; by
26	(B) the amount determined under STEP ONE.
27	STEP THREE: Multiply:
28	(A) the STEP TWO quotient; by
29	(B) the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before
30	its repeal) levied in the taxing district allocated to the
31	allocation fund, including the amount that would have been
32	allocated but for the credit.
33	(d) The commission may determine to grant to taxpayers in an
34	allocation area from its allocation fund a credit under this section, as
35	calculated under subsection (c). Except as provided in subsection (g),
36	one-half $(1/2)$ of the credit shall be applied to each installment of taxes
37	(as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal) that under
38	IC 6-1.1-22-9 are due and payable in a year. The commission must
39	provide for the credit annually by a resolution and must find in the
40	resolution the following:
41	(1) That the money to be collected and deposited in the allocation

fund, based upon historical collection rates, after granting the



1	credit will equal the amounts payable for contractual obligations
2	from the fund, plus ten percent (10%) of those amounts.
3	(2) If bonds payable from the fund are outstanding, that there is
4	a debt service reserve for the bonds that at least equals the amount
5	of the credit to be granted.
6 7	(3) If bonds of a lessor under section 25.2 of this chapter or under
8	IC 36-1-10 are outstanding and if lease rentals are payable from
9	the fund, that there is a debt service reserve for those bonds that at least equals the amount of the credit to be granted.
10	If the tax increment is insufficient to grant the credit in full, the
11	commission may grant the credit in part, prorated among all taxpayers.
12	(e) Notwithstanding section 39(b) of this chapter, the allocation
13	fund established under section 39(b) of this chapter for the allocation
14	area for a program adopted under section 45 of this chapter may only
15	be used to do one (1) or more of the following:
16	(1) Accomplish one (1) or more of the actions set forth in section
17	39(b)(3)(A) through 39(b)(3)(H) and 39(b)(3)(J) of this chapter
18	for property that is residential in nature.
19	(2) Reimburse the county or municipality for expenditures made
20	by the county or municipality in order to accomplish the housing
21	program in that allocation area.
22	The allocation fund may not be used for operating expenses of the
22 23 24	commission.
24	(f) Notwithstanding section 39(b) of this chapter, the commission
25	shall, relative to the allocation fund established under section 39(b) of
26	this chapter for an allocation area for a program adopted under section
27	45 of this chapter, do the following before July 15 of each year:
28	(1) Determine the amount, if any, by which the assessed value of
29	the taxable property in the allocation area for the most recent
30	assessment date minus the base assessed value, when multiplied
31	by the estimated tax rate of the allocation area, will exceed the
32	amount of assessed value needed to produce the property taxes
33	necessary to:
34	(A) make the distribution required under section 39(b)(2);
35	(B) make, when due, principal and interest payments on bonds
36	described in section 39(b)(3) of this chapter;
37	(C) pay the amount necessary for other purposes described in
38	section 39(b)(3) of this chapter; and
39	(D) reimburse the county or municipality for anticipated
40	expenditures described in subsection (e)(2).
41	(2) Provide a written notice to the county auditor, the fiscal body
42	of the county or municipality that established the department of



1	redevelopment, and the officers who are authorized to fix budgets,
2	tax rates, and tax levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 for each of the other
3	taxing units that is wholly or partly located within the allocation
4	area. The notice must:
5	(A) state the amount, if any, of excess property taxes that the
6	commission has determined may be paid to the respective
7	taxing units in the manner prescribed in section 39(b)(1) of
8	this chapter; or
9	(B) state that the commission has determined that there is no
10	excess assessed value that may be allocated to the respective
11	taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1).
12	The county auditor shall allocate to the respective taxing units the
13	amount, if any, of excess assessed value determined by the
14	commission.
15	(3) If:
16	(A) the amount of excess assessed value determined by the
17	commission is expected to generate more than two hundred
18	percent (200%) of the amount of allocated tax proceeds
19	necessary to make, when due, principal and interest
20	payments on bonds described in subdivision (1); plus
21	(B) the amount necessary for other purposes described in
22	subdivision (1);
23	the commission shall submit to the legislative body of the unit
24	its determination of the excess assessed value that the
25	commission proposes to allocate to the respective taxing units
26	in the manner prescribed in subdivision (2). The legislative
27	body of the unit may approve the commission's determination
28	or modify the amount of the excess assessed value that will be
29	allocated to the respective taxing units in the manner
30	prescribed in subdivision (2).
31	(g) This subsection applies to an allocation area only to the extent
32	that the net assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
33	property under the rules of the department of local government finance
34	is not included in the base assessed value. If property tax installments
35	with respect to a homestead (as defined in IC 6-1.1-12-37) are due in
36	installments established by the department of local government finance
37	under IC 6-1.1-22-9.5, each taxpayer subject to those installments in an
38	allocation area is entitled to an additional credit under subsection (d)
39	for the taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal) due in
40	installments. The credit shall be applied in the same proportion to each

installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal).

SECTION 23. IC 36-7-14.5-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS



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1	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 7. (a) A
2	Redevelopment Authority (the blank to be filled in with a name
3	designated by the legislative body of the unit) may be created in the
4	unit as a separate body corporate and politic and as an instrumentality
5	of the unit to exercise any power granted to the authority under this
6	chapter.
7	(b) An authority may be created by ordinance of the legislative body
8	of the unit.
9	(c) An authority is subject to the same laws, rules, and
10	ordinances of a general nature that apply to all other authorities

- and departments of the unit. An authority is:
 (1) subject to audit by the state board of accounts under IC 5-11;
 - (2) covered by IC 5-14-1.5 (the public meetings law); and
 - (3) covered by IC 5-14-3 (the public records law).

SECTION 24. IC 36-7-14.5-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 9. (a) Immediately after January 15 of each year, the board shall hold an organizational meeting. It shall elect one (1) of the members president, another vice president, and another secretary-treasurer to perform the duties of those offices. These officers serve from the date of their election and until their successors are elected and qualified. The board may elect an assistant secretary-treasurer. The secretary-treasurer shall report quarterly to the fiscal officer of the unit that established the redevelopment authority.

- (b) Special meetings may be called by the president of the board or any two (2) members of the board.
- (c) A majority of the members constitutes a quorum, and the concurrence of a majority of the members is necessary to authorize any action.

SECTION 25. IC 36-7-14.5-10.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: **Sec. 10.5.** (a) A board member may not have a pecuniary interest in any contract, employment, purchase, or sale made under this chapter. However, any property required for redevelopment purposes in which a board member has a pecuniary interest may be acquired, but only by gift or condemnation.

(b) If a board member owns, directly or indirectly, more than a ten percent (10%) interest in a business entity, the board member shall be treated as an owner of the business entity for purposes of determining whether a pecuniary interest exists for the board



1	member under this section.
2	(c) A transaction made in violation of this section is void.
3	SECTION 26. IC 36-7-14.5-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2006,
4	SECTION 566, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
5	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 11. (a) The authority is organized
6	for the following purposes:
7	(1) Financing, constructing, and leasing local public
8	improvements to the commission.
9	(2) Financing and constructing additional improvements to local
0	public improvements owned by the authority and leasing them to
1	the commission.
2	(3) Acquiring all or a portion of one (1) or more local public
3	improvements from the commission by purchase or lease and
4	leasing these local public improvements back to the commission,
5	with any additional improvements that may be made to them.
6	(4) Acquiring all or a portion of one (1) or more local public
7	improvements from the commission by purchase or lease to fund
8	or refund indebtedness incurred on account of those local public
9	improvements to enable the commission to make a savings in debt
20	services obligations or lease rental obligations or to obtain relief
21	from covenants that the commission considers to be unduly
.2	burdensome.
22 23 24 25	(5) In a county having a United States government military base
24	that is scheduled for closing or is completely or partially inactive
25	or closed and if specified in the ordinance creating the authority
26	or in another ordinance adopted by the executive body of the unit,
27	an authority may exercise any of the powers of a redevelopment
28	commission established under IC 36-7-14, including the
.9	establishment, in accordance with IC 36-7-14, of one (1) or more
0	economic development areas in the county in addition to an
1	economic development area established under section 12.5 of this
2	chapter. However, an economic development area that includes
3	any part of a military base described in section 12.5(a) of this
4	chapter is subject to the requirements of section 12.5 of this
5	chapter. An action taken by an authority under this subdivision
6	shall be treated as if the action were taken under the law granting
7	the power to the redevelopment commission.
8	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, after
9	June 30, 2014:
-0	(1) an authority; or
-1	(2) any other entity:
2	(A) established by the authority.



1	(B) controlled by the authority; or
2	(C) to which the authority has delegated any power to act
3	or hold property under this chapter;
4	may not own, lease, or otherwise hold a single family dwelling or
5	condominium unit for purposes of leasing for the use by individuals
6	as a dwelling. In addition, an arrangement or agreement that is
7	contrary to this section may not be extended beyond the term of the
8	arrangement or agreement as in effect on June 30, 2014. However,
9	an authority or entity covered by this section may own property in
10	the capacity of a land bank for a unit.
11	(c) After June 30, 2014, a project involving telecommunication
12	equipment, such as fiber optic cabling and related equipment, may
13	not be included as part of the assessed value and may not be
14	financed using proceeds from an obligation under this chapter if
15	the telecommunications services that would be provided are
16	already being provided in the area.
17	SECTION 27. IC 36-7-14.5-13 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 13. (a) Bonds issued
19	under IC 36-7-14 may be refunded as provided in this section.
20	(b) Subject to the prior approval of the fiscal body of the unit
21	under IC 36-7-14-25.2, the commission may:
22	(1) lease all or a portion of a local public improvement or
23	improvements to the authority, which may be at a nominal lease
24	rental with a lease back to the commission, conditioned upon the
25	authority assuming bonds issued under IC 36-7-14 and issuing its
26	bonds to refund those bonds; and
27	(2) sell all or a portion of a local public improvement or
28	improvements to the authority for a price sufficient to provide for
29	the refunding of those bonds and lease back the local public
30	improvement or improvements from the authority.
31	SECTION 28. IC 36-7-14.5-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
32	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 14. (a) Before a lease
33	may be entered into, the commission must:
34	(1) find that the lease rental provided for is fair and reasonable;
35	and
36	(2) obtain the prior approval of the fiscal body of the unit
37	under IC 36-7-14-25.2.
38	(b) A lease of local public improvements from the authority to the
39	commission:
40	(1) must comply with IC 36-7-14-25.2 or IC 36-7-30-20;
41	(2) may not require payment of lease rental for a newly

constructed local public improvement or for improvements to an



1	existing local public improvement except to the extent that the
2	local public improvement or improvements thereto have been
3	completed and are ready for occupancy or use;
4	(3) may contain provisions:
5	(A) allowing the commission to continue to operate an existing
6	local public improvement until completion of the
7	improvements, reconstruction, or renovation; and
8	(B) requiring payment of lease rentals for an existing local
9	public improvement being used, reconstructed, or renovated;
10	(4) may contain an option to renew the lease for the same or
11	shorter term on the conditions provided in the lease;
12	(5) must contain an option for the commission to purchase the
13	local public improvement upon the terms stated in the lease
14	during the term of the lease for a price equal to the amount
15	required to pay all indebtedness incurred on account of the local
16	public improvement, including indebtedness incurred for the
17	refunding of that indebtedness;
18	(6) may be entered into before acquisition or construction of a
19	local public improvement;
20	(7) may provide that the commission shall agree to:
21	(A) pay all taxes and assessments thereon;
22	(B) maintain insurance thereon for the benefit of the authority;
23	and
24	(C) assume responsibility for utilities, repairs, alterations, and
25	any costs of operation; and
26	(8) may provide that the lease rental payments by the commission
27	shall be made from any one (1) or more of the sources set forth in
28	IC 36-7-14-25.2 or IC 36-7-30-20.
29	SECTION 29. IC 36-7-14.5-18 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
30	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 18. (a) The commission
31	may lease for a nominal lease rental, or sell to the authority, one (1) or
32	more local public improvements or portions thereof or land upon which
33	a local public improvement is located or is to be constructed.
34	(b) Any lease of all or a portion of a local public improvement by
35	the commission to the authority must be for a term equal to the term of
36	the lease of that local public improvement back to the redevelopment
37	commission.
38	(c) Subject to the prior approval of the fiscal body of the unit
39	under IC 36-7-14-25.2, the commission may sell property to the
40	authority for such amount as it the commission determines to be in the
41	best interest of the commission, which amount may be paid from the



proceeds of bonds of the authority.

1	SECTION 30. IC 36-7-14.5-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 19. (a) Subject to the
3	prior approval of the legislative body of the unit under
4	IC 36-7-14-25.1, the authority may issue bonds for the purpose of
5	obtaining money to pay the cost of:
6	(1) acquiring property;
7	(2) constructing, improving, reconstructing, or renovating one (1)
8	or more local public improvements; or
9	(3) funding or refunding bonds issued under this chapter or
10	IC 36-7-14.
11	(b) The bonds are payable solely from the lease rentals from the
12	lease of the local public improvement for which the bonds were issued
13	insurance proceeds, and any other funds pledged or available.
14	(c) The bonds shall be authorized by a resolution of the board.
15	(d) The terms and form of the bonds shall either be set out in the
16	resolution or in a form of trust indenture approved by the resolution.
17	(e) The bonds shall mature within fifty (50) years.
18	(f) The board shall sell the bonds at public or private sale upon such
19	terms as determined by the board.
20	(g) All money received from any bonds issued under this chapter
21	shall be applied solely to the payment of the cost of the acquisition or
22	construction, or both, of local public improvements, or the cost of
23	refunding or refinancing outstanding bonds, for which the bonds are
24	issued. The cost may include:
25	(1) planning and development of the local public improvements
26	and all related buildings, facilities, structures, and improvements;
27	(2) acquisition of a site and clearing and preparing the site for
28	construction;
29	(3) equipment, facilities, structures, and improvements that are
30	necessary or desirable to make the local public improvements that
31	are necessary or desirable to make the local public improvements
32	suitable for use and operations;
33	(4) architectural, engineering, consultant, and attorney fees;
34	(5) incidental expenses in connection with the issuance and sale
35	of bonds;
36	(6) reserves for principal and interest;
37	(7) interest during construction and for a period thereafter
38	determined by the board, but in no event to exceed five (5) years:
39	(8) financial advisory fees;
40	(9) insurance during construction;
41	(10) municipal bond insurance, debt service reserve insurance
42	letters of credit, or other credit enhancement; and



1	(11) in the case of refunding or refinancing, payment of the
2	principal of, redemption premiums, if any, and interest on, the
3	bonds being refunded or refinanced.
4	SECTION 31. IC 36-7-14.5-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
5	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 21. (a) The authority
6	may secure bonds issued under this chapter by a trust indenture
7	between the authority and a corporate trustee, which may be any trust
8	company or national or state bank within Indiana that has trust powers.
9	(b) Before a trust indenture may be entered into, the authority
10	must obtain the prior approval of the fiscal body of the unit under

- must obtain the prior approval of the fiscal body of the unit under **IC 36-7-14-25.2.** The trust indenture may:
 - (1) pledge or assign lease rentals, receipts, and income from leased local public improvements, but may not mortgage land or local public improvements;
 - (2) contain reasonable and proper provisions for protecting and enforcing the rights and remedies of the bondholders, including covenants setting forth the duties of the authority and board;
 - (3) set forth the rights and remedies of bondholders and trustee; and
 - (4) restrict the individual right of action of bondholders.
- (c) Any pledge or assignment made by the authority under this section and approved by the fiscal body of the unit is valid and binding in accordance with IC 5-1-14-4 from the time that the pledge or assignment is made, against all persons whether they have notice of the lien or not. Any trust indenture by which a pledge is created or an assignment need not be filed or recorded. The lien is perfected against third parties in accordance with IC 5-1-14-4.

SECTION 32. IC 36-7-14.5-22 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 22. If the commission exercises its option to purchase leased property, it may, subject to the prior approval of the legislative body of the unit under IC 36-7-14-25.1, issue its bonds as authorized by statute.

SECTION 33. IC 36-7-15.1-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 3.5. (a) The controller of the consolidated city is the fiscal officer of a commission subject to this chapter.

(b) The controller may obtain financial services on a contractual basis for purposes of carrying out the powers and duties of the commission and protecting the public interests related to the operations and funding of the commission. The controller has charge over and is responsible for the administration, investment,



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1	and disbursement of all funds and accounts of the authority in
2	accordance with the requirements of state law that apply to other
3	funds and accounts administered by the controller.
4	SECTION 34. IC 36-7-15.1-4.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
5	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
6	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 4.2. A redevelopment commission
7	and a department of redevelopment are:
8	(1) subject to audit by the state board of accounts under
9	IC 5-11;
10	(2) covered by IC 5-14-1.5 (the public meetings law);
l 1	(3) covered by IC 5-14-3 (the public records law); and
12	(4) covered by IC 36-1-12 (the public works law).
13	SECTION 35. IC 36-7-15.1-4.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
14	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
15	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 4.3. (a) Notwithstanding any
16	other provision in this chapter, after June 30, 2014:
17	(1) a redevelopment commission;
18	(2) a department of redevelopment; or
19	(3) any other entity:
20	(A) established by the commission or department;
21	(B) controlled by the commission or a member of the
22	commission regardless of any pecuniary interest the
23	member may have; or
24	(C) to which the commission or department has delegated
25	any power to act or hold property under this chapter;
26	may not own, lease, or otherwise hold a single family dwelling or
27	condominium unit for purposes of leasing for the use by individuals
28	as a dwelling. In addition, an arrangement or agreement that is
29	contrary to this section may not be extended beyond the term of the
30	arrangement or agreement as in effect on June 30, 2014. However
31	a commission, department, or entity covered by this section may
32	own property in the capacity of a land bank for a unit.
33	(b) After June 30, 2014, a project involving telecommunication
34	equipment, such as fiber optic cabling and related equipment, may
35	not be included as part of the assessed value and may not be
36	financed using proceeds from an obligation under this chapter is
37	the telecommunications services that would be provided are



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41 42 already being provided in the area.

SECTION 36. IC 36-7-15.1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,

SECTION 743, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS

[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 5. (a) A member of the commission

or a nonvoting adviser appointed under IC 36-7-4-207 may not have a

1	pecuniary interest in any contract, employment, purchase, or sale made
2	under this chapter. However, any property required for redevelopment
3	purposes in which a member or nonvoting adviser has a pecuniary
4	interest may be acquired but only by gift or condemnation.
5	(b) If a redevelopment commissioner or a nonvoting adviser
6	owns, directly or indirectly, more than a ten percent (10%) interest
7	in a business entity, the redevelopment commissioner or the
8	nonvoting adviser shall be treated as an owner of the business
9	entity for purposes of determining whether a pecuniary interest
10	exists for the redevelopment commissioner or the nonvoting
11	adviser under this section.
12	(c) A transaction made in violation of this section is void.
13	SECTION 37. IC 36-7-15.1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
14	SECTION 744, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
15	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 7. (a) In carrying out its duties and
16	purposes under this chapter, the commission may do the following:
17	(1) Acquire by purchase, exchange, gift, grant, lease, or
18	condemnation, or any combination of methods, any real or
19	personal property or interest in property needed for the
20	redevelopment of areas needing redevelopment that are located
21	within the redevelopment district.
22	(2) Hold, use, sell (by conveyance by deed, land sale contract, or
23	other instrument), exchange, lease, rent, invest in, or otherwise
24	dispose of, through any combination of methods, property
25	acquired for use in the redevelopment of areas needing
26	redevelopment on the terms and conditions that the commission
27	considers best for the city and its inhabitants.
28	(3) Acquire from and sell, lease, or grant interests in all or part of
29	the real property acquired for redevelopment purposes to any
30	other department of the city, or to any other governmental agency,
31	for public ways, levees, sewerage, parks, playgrounds, schools,
32	and other public purposes, on any terms that may be agreed upon.
33	(4) Clear real property acquired for redevelopment purposes.
34	(5) Enter on or into, inspect, investigate, and assess real property
35	and structures acquired or to be acquired for redevelopment
36	purposes to determine the existence, source, nature, and extent of
37	any environmental contamination, including the following:
38	(A) Hazardous substances.
39	(B) Petroleum.



41 42 (C) Other pollutants.

(6) Remediate environmental contamination, including the

following, found on any real property or structures acquired for

1	redevelopment purposes:
2	(A) Hazardous substances.
3	(B) Petroleum.
4	(C) Other pollutants.
5	(7) Repair and maintain structures acquired or to be acquired for
6	redevelopment purposes.
7	(8) Enter upon, survey, or examine any land, to determine whether
8	it should be included within an area needing redevelopment to be
9	acquired for redevelopment purposes, and determine the value of
10	that land.
11	(9) Appear before any other department or agency of the city, or
12	before any other governmental agency in respect to any matter
13	affecting:
14	(A) real property acquired or being acquired for
15	redevelopment purposes; or
16	(B) any area needing redevelopment within the jurisdiction of
17	the commission.
18	(10) Subject to section 13 of this chapter, exercise the power of
19	eminent domain in the name of the city, within the redevelopmen
20	district, in the manner prescribed by this chapter.
21	(11) Establish a uniform fee schedule whenever appropriate for
22	the performance of governmental assistance, or for providing
23	materials and supplies to private persons in project or program
24	related activities.
25	(12) Expend, on behalf of the redevelopment district, all or any
26	part of the money available for the purposes of this chapter.
27	(13) Contract for the construction, extension, or improvement of
28	pedestrian skyways.
29	(14) Accept loans, grants, and other forms of financial assistance
30	from the federal government, the state government, a municipa
31	corporation, a special taxing district, a foundation, or any other
32	source.
33	(15) Provide financial assistance (including grants and loans) to
34	enable individuals and families to purchase or lease residentia
35	units in a multiple unit residential structure within the district
36	However, financial assistance may be provided only to those
37	individuals and families whose income is at or below the county's
38	median income for individuals and families, respectively.
39	(16) Provide financial assistance (including grants and loans) to
40	neighborhood development corporations to permit them to:
41	(A) provide financial assistance for the purposes described in
42	subdivision (15); or



1	(B) construct, rehabilitate, or repair commercial property
2	within the district.
3	(17) Require as a condition of financial assistance to the owner of
4	a multiunit multiple unit residential structure that any of the unit
5	leased by the owner must be leased:
6	(A) for a period to be determined by the commission, which
7	may not be less than five (5) years;
8	(B) to families whose income does not exceed eighty percent
9	(80%) of the county's median income for families; and
10	(C) at an affordable rate.
11	Conditions imposed by the commission under this subdivision
12	remain in force throughout the period determined under clause
13	(A), even if the owner sells, leases, or conveys the property. The
14	subsequent owner or lessee is bound by the conditions for the
15	remainder of the period.
16	(18) Provide programs in job training, job enrichment, and basic
17	skill development for residents of an enterprise zone.
18	(19) Provide loans and grants for the purpose of stimulating
19	business activity in an enterprise zone or providing employmen
20	for residents of an enterprise zone.
21	(20) Contract for the construction, extension, or improvement of
22	(A) public ways, sidewalks, sewers, waterlines, parking
23	facilities, park or recreational areas, or other local public
24	improvements (as defined in IC 36-7-15.3-6) or structures tha
25	are necessary for redevelopment of areas needing
26	redevelopment or economic development within the
27	redevelopment district; or
28	(B) any structure that enhances development or economic
29	development.
30	(b) In addition to its powers under subsection (a), the commission
31	may plan and undertake, alone or in cooperation with other agencies
32	projects for the redevelopment of, rehabilitating, preventing the spread
33	of, or eliminating slums or areas needing redevelopment, both
34	residential and nonresidential, which projects may include any of the
35	following:
36	(1) The repair or rehabilitation of buildings or other
37	improvements by the commission, owners, or tenants.
38	(2) The acquisition of real property.
39	(3) Either of the following with respect to environmenta
40	contamination on real property:
41	(A) Investigation.
42	(B) Remediation.



1	(4) The demolition and removal of buildings or improvements on
2	buildings acquired by the commission where necessary for any of
3	the following:
4	(A) To eliminate unhealthful, unsanitary, or unsafe conditions.
5	(B) To mitigate or eliminate environmental contamination.
6	(C) To lessen density.
7	(D) To reduce traffic hazards.
8	(E) To eliminate obsolete or other uses detrimental to public
9	welfare.
10	(F) To otherwise remove or prevent the conditions described
11	in IC 36-7-1-3.
12	(G) To provide land for needed public facilities.
13	(5) The preparation of sites and the construction of improvements
14	(such as public ways and utility connections) to facilitate the sale
15	or lease of property.
16	(6) The construction of buildings or facilities for residential,
17	commercial, industrial, public, or other uses.
18	(7) The disposition in accordance with this chapter, for uses in
19	accordance with the plans for the projects, of any property
20	acquired in connection with the projects.
21	(c) The commission may use its powers under this chapter relative
22 23 24	to real property and interests in real property obtained by voluntary sale
23	or transfer, even though the real property and interests in real property
24	are not located in a redevelopment or urban renewal project area
25	established by the adoption and confirmation of a resolution under
26 27	sections 8(c), 9, 10, and 11 of this chapter. In acquiring real property
2/	and interests in real property outside of a redevelopment or urban
28	renewal project area, the commission shall comply with section 12(b)
29	through 12(e) of this chapter. The commission shall hold, develop, use,
30	and dispose of this real property and interests in real property
31 32	substantially in accordance with section 15 of this chapter.
33	(d) As used in this section, "pedestrian skyway" means a pedestrian
34	walkway within or outside of the public right-of-way and through and
35	above public or private property and buildings, including all structural
36	supports required to connect skyways to buildings or buildings under construction. Pedestrian skyways constructed, extended, or improved
37	over or through public or private property constitute public property
38	and public improvements, constitute a public use and purpose, and do
39	not require vacation of any public way or other property.
40	(e) All powers that may be exercised under this chapter by the
1 0 41	commission may also be exercised by the commission in carrying out
42	its duties and purposes under IC 36-7-15.3.
14	no duties and purposes under to 30-7-13.3.



SECTION 38. IC 36-7-15.1-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.185-2005, SECTION 32, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 12. (a) If no appeal is taken, or if an appeal is taken but is unsuccessful, the commission shall proceed with the proposed project, to the extent that money is available for that purpose. (b) The commission shall first approve and adopt a list of the real property and interests in real property to be acquired, and the price to be offered to the owner of each parcel or interests. The prices to be

- property and interests in real property to be acquired, and the price to be offered to the owner of each parcel or interests. The prices to be offered may not exceed the average of two (2) independent appraisals of fair market value procured by the commission, except that appraisals are not required in transactions with other governmental agencies. However, if the real property is less than five (5) acres in size and the fair market value of the real property or interest has been appraised by one (1) independent appraiser at less than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), the second appraisal may be made by a qualified employee of the department. The prices indicated on the list may not be exceeded unless specifically authorized by the commission under section 7 of this chapter or ordered by a court in condemnation proceedings. The commission may except from acquisition any real property in the area if it finds that such an acquisition is not necessary under the redevelopment plan. Appraisals made under this section are for the information of the commission and are not open for public inspection.
- (c) Negotiations for the purchase of property may be carried on directly by the commission, by its employees, or by expert negotiators employed for that purpose. The commission shall adopt a standard form of option for use in negotiations, but no option, contract, or understanding relative to the purchase of real property is binding on the commission until approved and accepted by the commission in writing. The commission may authorize the payment of a nominal fee to bind an option, and as a part of the consideration for conveyance may agree to pay the expense incident to the conveyance and determination of the title of the property. Payment for the property purchased shall be made when and as directed by the commission, but only on delivery of proper instruments conveying the title or interest of the owner to "City of for the use and benefit of its Department of Metropolitan Development". Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subsection, any agreement by the commission to make payments for the property purchased over a term exceeding five (5) years is subject to the prior approval of the legislative body of the unit.
- (d) Notwithstanding subsections (a) through (c), the commission may, before the time referred to in this section, accept gifts of property needed for the redevelopment of redevelopment project areas. The



commission may, before the time referred to in this section, take options on or contract for the acquisition of property needed for the redevelopment of redevelopment project areas if the options and contracts are not binding on the commission or the redevelopment district until the time referred to in this section and until money is available to pay the consideration set out in the options or contracts.

- (e) Section 15(a) through 15(h) of this chapter does not apply to exchanges of real property (or interests in real property) in connection with the acquisition of real property (or interests in real property) under this section. In acquiring real property (or interests in real property) under this section the commission may, as an alternative to offering payment of money as specified in subsection (b), offer for the real property (or interest in real property) that the commission desires to acquire:
 - (1) exchange of real property or interests in real property owned by the redevelopment district;
 - (2) exchange of real property or interests in real property owned by the redevelopment district, along with the payment of money by the commission; or
 - (3) exchange of real property or interests in real property owned by the redevelopment district along with the payment of money by the owner of the real property or interests in real property that the commission desires to acquire.

The commission shall have the fair market value of the real property or interests in real property owned by the redevelopment district appraised as specified in section 15(b) of this chapter. The appraisers may not also appraise the value of the real property or interests in real property to be acquired by the redevelopment district. The commission shall establish the nature of the offer to the owner based on the difference between the average of the two (2) appraisals of the fair market value of the real property or interests in real property to be acquired by the commission and the average of the appraisals of fair market value of the real property or interests in real property to be exchanged by the commission.

SECTION 39. IC 36-7-15.1-26, AS AMENDED BY P.L.112-2012, SECTION 56, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 26. (a) As used in this section:

"Allocation area" means that part of a redevelopment project area to which an allocation provision of a resolution adopted under section 8 of this chapter refers for purposes of distribution and allocation of property taxes.

"Base assessed value" means the following:



1	(1) If an allocation provision is adopted after June 30, 1995, in a
2	declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory
3	resolution establishing an economic development area:
4	(A) the net assessed value of all the property as finally
5	determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the
6	effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory
7	resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h); plus
8	(B) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A), the net
9	assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
10	property under the rules of the department of local government
11	finance, as finally determined for any assessment date after the
12	effective date of the allocation provision.
13	(2) If an allocation provision is adopted after June 30, 1997, in a
14	declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory
15	resolution establishing a redevelopment project area:
16	(A) the net assessed value of all the property as finally
17	determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the
18	effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory
19	resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h); plus
20	(B) to the extent that it is not included in clause (A), the net
21	assessed value of property that is assessed as residential
22	property under the rules of the department of local government
23	finance, as finally determined for any assessment date after the
24	effective date of the allocation provision.
25	(3) If:
26	(A) an allocation provision adopted before June 30, 1995, in
27	a declaratory resolution or an amendment to a declaratory
28	resolution establishing a redevelopment project area expires
29	after June 30, 1997; and
30	(B) after June 30, 1997, a new allocation provision is included
31	in an amendment to the declaratory resolution;
32	the net assessed value of all the property as finally determined for
33	the assessment date immediately preceding the effective date of
34	the allocation provision adopted after June 30, 1997, as adjusted
35	under subsection (h).
36	(4) Except as provided in subdivision (5), for all other allocation
37	areas, the net assessed value of all the property as finally
38	determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the
39	effective date of the allocation provision of the declaratory
40	resolution, as adjusted under subsection (h).
41	(5) If an allocation area established in an economic development

area before July 1, 1995, is expanded after June 30, 1995, the



definition in subdivision (1) applies to the expanded part of the area added after June 30, 1995.

(6) If an allocation area established in a redevelopment project area before July 1, 1997, is expanded after June 30, 1997, the definition in subdivision (2) applies to the expanded part of the area added after June 30, 1997.

Except as provided in section 26.2 of this chapter, "property taxes" means taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on real property. However, upon approval by a resolution of the redevelopment commission adopted before June 1, 1987, "property taxes" also includes taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on depreciable personal property. If a redevelopment commission adopted before June 1, 1987, a resolution to include within the definition of property taxes, taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on depreciable personal property that has a useful life in excess of eight (8) years, the commission may by resolution determine the percentage of taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on all depreciable personal property that will be included within the definition of property taxes. However, the percentage included must not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of the taxes imposed under IC 6-1.1 on all depreciable personal property.

(b) A resolution adopted under section 8 of this chapter on or before the allocation deadline determined under subsection (i) may include a provision with respect to the allocation and distribution of property taxes for the purposes and in the manner provided in this section. A resolution previously adopted may include an allocation provision by the amendment of that resolution on or before the allocation deadline determined under subsection (i) in accordance with the procedures required for its original adoption. For an allocation area established before July 1, 1995, the expiration date of any allocation provisions for the allocation area is June 30, 2025, or the last date of any obligations that are outstanding on July 1, 2014, whichever is later. A declaratory resolution or an amendment that establishes an allocation provision after June 30, 1995, must specify an expiration date for the allocation provision. For an allocation area established before July 1, 2008, the expiration date may not be more than thirty (30) years after the date on which the allocation provision is established. For an allocation area established after June 30, 2008, the expiration date may not be more than twenty-five (25) years after the date on which the first obligation was incurred to pay principal and interest on bonds or lease rentals on leases payable from tax increment revenues. However, with respect to bonds or other obligations that were issued before July 1, 2008, if any of the bonds or other obligations that were scheduled when issued to mature before the specified expiration date and that are



1	payable only from allocated tax proceeds with respect to the allocation
2	area remain outstanding as of the expiration date, the allocation
3	provision does not expire until all of the bonds or other obligations are
4	no longer outstanding. The allocation provision may apply to all or part
5	of the redevelopment project area. The allocation provision must
6	require that any property taxes subsequently levied by or for the benefit
7	of any public body entitled to a distribution of property taxes on taxable
8	property in the allocation area be allocated and distributed as follows:
9	(1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the proceeds of
10	the taxes attributable to the lesser of:
11	(A) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date
12	with respect to which the allocation and distribution is made;
13	or
14	(B) the base assessed value;
15	shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid into the funds of
16	the respective taxing units.
17	(2) The excess of the proceeds of the property taxes imposed for
18	the assessment date with respect to which the allocation and
19	distribution is made that are attributable to taxes imposed after
20	being approved by the voters in a referendum or local public
21	question conducted after April 30, 2010, not otherwise included
22	in subdivision (1) shall be allocated to and, when collected, paid
23	into the funds of the taxing unit for which the referendum or local
24	public question was conducted.
25	(3) Except as otherwise provided in this section, property tax
26	proceeds in excess of those described in subdivisions (1) and (2)
27	shall be allocated to the redevelopment district and, when
28	collected, paid into a special fund for that allocation area that may
29	be used by the redevelopment district only to do one (1) or more
30	of the following:
31	(A) Pay the principal of and interest on any obligations
32	payable solely from allocated tax proceeds that are incurred by
33	the redevelopment district for the purpose of financing or
34	refinancing the redevelopment of that allocation area.
35	(B) Establish, augment, or restore the debt service reserve for
36	bonds payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in
37	that allocation area.
38	(C) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds payable from
39	allocated tax proceeds in that allocation area and from the
40	special tax levied under section 19 of this chapter.

special tax levied under section 19 of this chapter.

(D) Pay the principal of and interest on bonds issued by the

consolidated city to pay for local public improvements that are



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1	physically located in or physically connected to that allocation
2	area.
3	(E) Pay premiums on the redemption before maturity of bonds
4	payable solely or in part from allocated tax proceeds in that
5	allocation area.
6	(F) Make payments on leases payable from allocated tax
7	proceeds in that allocation area under section 17.1 of this
8	chapter.
9	(G) Reimburse the consolidated city for expenditures for local
10	public improvements (which include buildings, parking
11	facilities, and other items set forth in section 17 of this
12	chapter) that are physically located in or physically connected
13	to that allocation area.
14	(H) Reimburse the unit for rentals paid by it for a building or
15	parking facility that is physically located in or physically
16	connected to that allocation area under any lease entered into
17	under IC 36-1-10.
18	(I) Reimburse public and private entities for expenses incurred
19	in training employees of industrial facilities that are located:
20	
21	(i) in the allocation area; and
	(ii) on a parcel of real property that has been classified as
22	industrial property under the rules of the department of local
23	government finance.
24	However, the total amount of money spent for this purpose in
25	any year may not exceed the total amount of money in the
26	allocation fund that is attributable to property taxes paid by the
27	industrial facilities described in this clause. The
28	reimbursements under this clause must be made within three
29	(3) years after the date on which the investments that are the
30	basis for the increment financing are made.
31	(J) Pay the costs of carrying out an eligible efficiency project
32	(as defined in IC 36-9-41-1.5) within the unit that established
33	the redevelopment commission. However, property tax
34	proceeds may be used under this clause to pay the costs of
35	carrying out an eligible efficiency project only if those
36	property tax proceeds exceed the amount necessary to do the
37	following:
38	(i) Make, when due, any payments required under clauses
39	(A) through (I), including any payments of principal and
40	interest on bonds and other obligations payable under this
41	subdivision, any payments of premiums under this
42	subdivision on the redemption before maturity of bonds, and



1	any payments on leases payable under this subdivision.
2	(ii) Make any reimbursements required under this
3	subdivision.
4	(iii) Pay any expenses required under this subdivision.
5	(iv) Establish, augment, or restore any debt service reserve
6	under this subdivision.
7	The special fund may not be used for operating expenses of the
8	commission.
9	(4) Before July 15 of each year, the commission shall do the
0	following:
1	(A) Determine the amount, if any, by which the assessed value
2	of the taxable property in the allocation area for the most
3	recent assessment date minus the base assessed value, when
4	multiplied by the estimated tax rate of the allocation area will
5	exceed the amount of assessed value needed to provide the
6	property taxes necessary to make, when due, principal and
7	interest payments on bonds described in subdivision (3) plus
8	the amount necessary for other purposes described in
9	subdivision (3) and subsection (g).
20	(B) Provide a written notice to the county auditor, the
21	legislative body of the consolidated city, and the officers who
	are authorized to fix budgets, tax rates, and tax levies under
23	IC 6-1.1-17-5 for each of the other taxing units that is wholly
22 23 24	or partly located within the allocation area. The notice must:
2.5	(i) state the amount, if any, of excess assessed value that the
2.5 2.6	commission has determined may be allocated to the
.7	respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in
28	subdivision (1); or
.9	(ii) state that the commission has determined that there is no
0	excess assessed value that may be allocated to the respective
1	taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1).
2	The county auditor shall allocate to the respective taxing units
3	the amount, if any, of excess assessed value determined by the
4	commission. The commission may not authorize an allocation
5	to the respective taxing units under this subdivision if to do so
6	would endanger the interests of the holders of bonds described
7	in subdivision (3).
8	(C) If:
9	(i) the amount of excess assessed value determined by the
0	commission is expected to generate more than two
-1	hundred percent (200%) of the amount of allocated tax
-2	proceeds necessary to make, when due, principal and



1	interest payments on bonds described in subdivision (3);
2	plus
3	(ii) the amount necessary for other purposes described in
4	subdivision (3) and subsection (g);
5	the commission shall submit to the legislative body of the
6	unit the commission's determination of the excess assessed
7	value that the commission proposes to allocate to the
8	respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in
9	subdivision (1). The legislative body of the unit may
10	approve the commission's determination or modify the
11	amount of the excess assessed value that will be allocated
12	to the respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in
13	subdivision (1).
14	(c) For the purpose of allocating taxes levied by or for any taxing
15	unit or units, the assessed value of taxable property in a territory in the
16	allocation area that is annexed by any taxing unit after the effective
17	date of the allocation provision of the resolution is the lesser of:
18	(1) the assessed value of the property for the assessment date with
19	respect to which the allocation and distribution is made; or
20	(2) the base assessed value.
21	(d) Property tax proceeds allocable to the redevelopment district
22	under subsection (b)(3) may, subject to subsection (b)(4), be
23	irrevocably pledged by the redevelopment district for payment as set
24	forth in subsection (b)(3).
25	(e) Notwithstanding any other law, each assessor shall, upon
26	petition of the commission, reassess the taxable property situated upon
27	or in, or added to, the allocation area, effective on the next assessment
28	date after the petition.
29	(f) Notwithstanding any other law, the assessed value of all taxable
30	property in the allocation area, for purposes of tax limitation, property
31	tax replacement, and formulation of the budget, tax rate, and tax levy
32	for each political subdivision in which the property is located is the
33	lesser of:
34	(1) the assessed value of the property as valued without regard to
35	this section; or
36	(2) the base assessed value.
37	(g) If any part of the allocation area is located in an enterprise zone
38	created under IC 5-28-15, the unit that designated the allocation area
39	shall create funds as specified in this subsection. A unit that has
40	obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under
41	subsection (b)(3) shall establish an allocation fund for the purposes
42	specified in subsection (b)(3) and a special zone fund. Such a unit



shall, until the end of the enterprise zone phase out period, deposit each year in the special zone fund the amount in the allocation fund derived from property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2) from property located in the enterprise zone that exceeds the amount sufficient for the purposes specified in subsection (b)(3) for the year. A unit that has no obligations, bonds, or leases payable from allocated tax proceeds under subsection (b)(3) shall establish a special zone fund and deposit all the property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2) in the fund derived from property tax proceeds in excess of those described in subsection (b)(1) and (b)(2) from property located in the enterprise zone. The unit that creates the special zone fund shall use the fund, based on the recommendations of the urban enterprise association, for one (1) or more of the following purposes:

- (1) To pay for programs in job training, job enrichment, and basic skill development designed to benefit residents and employers in the enterprise zone. The programs must reserve at least one-half (1/2) of the enrollment in any session for residents of the enterprise zone.
- (2) To make loans and grants for the purpose of stimulating business activity in the enterprise zone or providing employment for enterprise zone residents in the enterprise zone. These loans and grants may be made to the following:
 - (A) Businesses operating in the enterprise zone.
 - (B) Businesses that will move their operations to the enterprise zone if such a loan or grant is made.
- (3) To provide funds to carry out other purposes specified in subsection (b)(3). However, where reference is made in subsection (b)(3) to the allocation area, the reference refers for purposes of payments from the special zone fund only to that part of the allocation area that is also located in the enterprise zone.
- (h) The state board of accounts and department of local government finance shall make the rules and prescribe the forms and procedures that they consider expedient for the implementation of this chapter. After each general reassessment of real property in an area under IC 6-1.1-4-4 and after each reassessment under a reassessment plan prepared under IC 6-1.1-4-4.2, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed value one (1) time to neutralize any effect of the reassessment of the real property in the area on the property tax proceeds allocated to the redevelopment district under this section. After each annual adjustment under IC 6-1.1-4-4.5, the department of local government finance shall adjust the base assessed



value to neutralize any effect of the annual adjustment on the property
tax proceeds allocated to the redevelopment district under this section.
However, the adjustments under this subsection may not include the
effect of property tax abatements under IC 6-1.1-12.1, and these
adjustments may not produce less property tax proceeds allocable to
the redevelopment district under subsection (b)(3) than would
otherwise have been received if the general reassessment, reassessment
under the reassessment plan, or annual adjustment had not occurred.
The department of local government finance may prescribe procedures
for county and township officials to follow to assist the department in
making the adjustments.

- (i) The allocation deadline referred to in subsection (b) is determined in the following manner:
 - (1) The initial allocation deadline is December 31, 2011.
 - (2) Subject to subdivision (3), the initial allocation deadline and subsequent allocation deadlines are automatically extended in increments of five (5) years, so that allocation deadlines subsequent to the initial allocation deadline fall on December 31, 2016, and December 31 of each fifth year thereafter.
 - (3) At least one (1) year before the date of an allocation deadline determined under subdivision (2), the general assembly may enact a law that:
 - (A) terminates the automatic extension of allocation deadlines under subdivision (2); and
 - (B) specifically designates a particular date as the final allocation deadline.

SECTION 40. IC 36-7-15.3-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 7. (a) In addition to its purposes specified in IC 36-10-9.1-10, the authority is also organized for the following purposes:

- (1) Financing, constructing, and leasing local public improvements to the commission.
- (2) Financing and constructing additional improvements to local public improvements owned by the authority and leasing them to the commission.
- (3) Acquiring all or a portion of one (1) or more local public improvements from the commission by purchase or lease and leasing these local public improvements back to the commission, with any additional improvements that may be made to them.
- (4) Acquiring all or a portion of one (1) or more local public improvements from the commission by purchase or lease to fund or refund indebtedness incurred on account of those local public



1	improvements to enable the commission to make a savings in debt
2	service obligations or lease rental obligations or to obtain relief
3	from covenants that the commission considers to be unduly
4	burdensome.
5	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, after
6	June 30, 2014:
7	(1) an authority; or
8	(2) any other entity:
9	(A) established by the authority;
10	(B) controlled by the authority; or
11	(C) to which the authority has delegated any power to act
12	or hold property under this chapter;
13	may not own, lease, or otherwise hold a single family dwelling or
14	condominium unit for purposes of leasing for the use by individuals
15	as a dwelling. In addition, an arrangement or agreement that is
16	contrary to this section may not be extended beyond the term of the
17	arrangement or agreement as in effect on June 30, 2014. However,
18	an authority or entity covered by this section may own property in
19	the capacity of a land bank for a unit.
20	(c) After June 30, 2014, a project involving telecommunication
21	equipment, such as fiber optic cabling and related equipment, may
22	not be included as part of the assessed value and may not be
23	financed using proceeds from an obligation under this chapter if
24	the telecommunications services that would be provided are
25	already being provided in the area.
26	SECTION 41. IC 36-7-15.3-8.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
27	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
28	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 8.3. (a) A board member may not
29	have a pecuniary interest in any contract, employment, purchase,
30	or sale made under this chapter. However, any property required
31	for redevelopment purposes in which a board member has a
32	pecuniary interest may be acquired, but only by gift or
33	condemnation.
34	(b) If a board member owns, directly or indirectly, more than
35	a ten percent (10%) interest in a business entity, the board member
36	shall be treated as an owner of the business entity for purposes of
37	determining whether a pecuniary interest exists for the board
38	member under this section.
39	(c) A transaction made in violation of this section is void.
40	SECTION 42. IC 36-7-15.3-8.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA

CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS

[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 8.5. An authority is:



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1	(1) subject to audit by the state board of accounts under
2	IC 5-11;
3	(2) covered by IC 5-14-1.5 (the public meetings law);
4	(3) covered by IC 5-14-3 (the public records law); and
5	(4) covered by IC 36-1-12 (the public works law).
6	SECTION 43. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014] (a) During the 2014
7	legislative interim, the commission on state tax and financing
8	policy shall study redevelopment commissions, authorities, and
9	departments. The department of local government finance, with
10	the assistance of the state board of accounts, shall prepare a report
11	on redevelopment that covers at least the following:
12	(1) The activities of each redevelopment commission
13	authority, and department throughout Indiana, including
14	projects proposed and projects completed.
15	(2) The budgets for 2009 through 2013 for each
16	redevelopment commission, authority, and department
17	including a summary of these budgets.
18	(3) The audit findings for 2009 through 2013 for each
19	redevelopment commission, authority, and department
20	audited by the state board of accounts, including a summary
21	of these audits.
22	(4) The actual increase in assessed values in redevelopment
23	areas compared to the estimated increases set forth in the
24	redevelopment plan.
25	(5) The actual increase in assessed values in redevelopment
26	areas compared to the increase in assessed values outside
27	redevelopment areas.
28	(6) Suggested changes in the law with regard to
29	redevelopment commissions, authorities, and departments.
30	Before August 1, 2014, the department of local government finance
31	shall deliver the report concerning redevelopment commissions
32	authorities, and departments to the executive director of the
33	legislative services agency in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6
34	for distribution to each member of the commission on state tax and
35	financing policy. The department of local government finance and
36	the state board of accounts shall be available to present the report
37	and respond to questions at a meeting specified by the commission
38	(b) This SECTION expires June 30, 2015.
39	SECTION 44. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014] (a) IC 36-7-14, as
40	amended by this act, applies to an obligation entered into or
41	incurred by a redevelopment commission after June 30, 2014.

(b) IC 36-7-14-25.1, as amended by this act, applies to bonds for



1	which a bond resolution is adopted after June 30, 2014.
2	(c) IC 36-7-14-25.2, as amended by this act, applies to a lease for
3	which a public hearing is held under IC 36-7-14-25.2(c) after June
4	30, 2014.
5	(d) IC 36-7-14-27.5, as amended by this act, applies to warrants
6	issued after June 30, 2014.
7	(e) This SECTION expires July 1, 2015



COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Tax and Fiscal Policy, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 118, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

Page 3, line 39, after "The" insert "fiscal officer of the unit establishing a".

Page 3, line 39, strike "may appoint a treasurer who".

Page 3, line 40, strike "need not be a member" and insert "is the treasurer".

Page 3, line 40, after "commission." strike "The".

Page 3, strike lines 41 through 42.

Page 4, line 1, strike "commission.".

Page 4, line 4, strike "this".

Page 4, strike lines 5 through 8.

Page 4, line 9, strike "special taxing district." and insert "state laws that apply to other funds and accounts administered by the fiscal officer."

Page 4, delete lines 28 through 42, begin a new paragraph and insert:

"SECTION 5. IC 36-7-14-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 724, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 10. (a) A redevelopment commissioner or a nonvoting adviser appointed under section 6.1 of this chapter may not have a pecuniary interest in any contract, employment, purchase, or sale made under this chapter. However, any property required for redevelopment purposes in which a commissioner or nonvoting adviser has a pecuniary interest may be acquired, but only by gift or condemnation.

- (b) If a redevelopment commissioner or a nonvoting adviser owns, directly or indirectly, more than a ten percent (10%) interest in a business entity, the redevelopment commissioner or the nonvoting adviser shall be treated as an owner of the business entity for purposes of determining whether a pecuniary interest exists for the redevelopment commissioner or the nonvoting adviser under this section.
 - (b) (c) A transaction made in violation of this section is void.

SECTION 6. IC 36-7-14-12.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2007, SECTION 32, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 12.2. (a) The redevelopment commission may do the following:



- (1) Acquire by purchase, exchange, gift, grant, condemnation, or lease, or any combination of methods, any personal property or interest in real property needed for the redevelopment of areas needing redevelopment that are located within the corporate boundaries of the unit.
- (2) Hold, use, sell (by conveyance by deed, land sale contract, or other instrument), exchange, lease, rent, or otherwise dispose of property acquired for use in the redevelopment of areas needing redevelopment on the terms and conditions that the commission considers best for the unit and its inhabitants.
- (3) Sell, lease, or grant interests in all or part of the real property acquired for redevelopment purposes to any other department of the unit or to any other governmental agency for public ways, levees, sewerage, parks, playgrounds, schools, and other public purposes on any terms that may be agreed on.
- (4) Clear real property acquired for redevelopment purposes.
- (5) Enter on or into, inspect, investigate, and assess real property and structures acquired or to be acquired for redevelopment purposes to determine the existence, source, nature, and extent of any environmental contamination, including the following:
 - (A) Hazardous substances.
 - (B) Petroleum.
 - (C) Other pollutants.
- (6) Remediate environmental contamination, including the following, found on any real property or structures acquired for redevelopment purposes:
 - (A) Hazardous substances.
 - (B) Petroleum.
 - (C) Other pollutants.
- (7) Repair and maintain structures acquired for redevelopment purposes.
- (8) Remodel, rebuild, enlarge, or make major structural improvements on structures acquired for redevelopment purposes.
- (9) Survey or examine any land to determine whether it should be included within an area needing redevelopment to be acquired for redevelopment purposes and to determine the value of that land.
- (10) Appear before any other department or agency of the unit, or before any other governmental agency in respect to any matter affecting:
 - (A) real property acquired or being acquired for redevelopment purposes; or
 - (B) any area needing redevelopment within the jurisdiction of



the commissioners.

- (11) Institute or defend in the name of the unit any civil action.
- (12) Use any legal or equitable remedy that is necessary or considered proper to protect and enforce the rights of and perform the duties of the department of redevelopment.
- (13) Exercise the power of eminent domain in the name of and within the corporate boundaries of the unit in the manner prescribed by section 20 of this chapter.
- (14) (13) Appoint an executive director, appraisers, real estate experts, engineers, architects, surveyors, and attorneys.
- (15) (14) Appoint clerks, guards, laborers, and other employees the commission considers advisable, except that those appointments must be made in accordance with the merit system of the unit if such a system exists.
- (16) (15) Prescribe the duties and regulate the compensation of employees of the department of redevelopment.
- (17) (16) Provide a pension and retirement system for employees of the department of redevelopment by using the Indiana public employees' retirement fund or a retirement plan approved by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- (18) (17) Discharge and appoint successors to employees of the department of redevelopment subject to subdivision (15). (14).
- (19) (18) Rent offices for use of the department of redevelopment, or accept the use of offices furnished by the unit.
- (20) (19) Equip the offices of the department of redevelopment with the necessary furniture, furnishings, equipment, records, and supplies.
- (21) (20) Expend, on behalf of the special taxing district, all or any part of the money of the special taxing district.
- (22) (21) Contract for the construction of:
 - (A) local public improvements (as defined in IC 36-7-14.5-6) or structures that are necessary for redevelopment of areas needing redevelopment or economic development within the corporate boundaries of the unit; or
 - (B) any structure that enhances development or economic development.
- (23) (22) Contract for the construction, extension, or improvement of pedestrian skyways.
- (24) (23) Accept loans, grants, and other forms of financial assistance from the federal government, the state government, a municipal corporation, a special taxing district, a foundation, or any other source.



- (25) (24) Provide financial assistance (including grants and loans) to enable individuals and families to purchase or lease residential units in a multiple unit residential structure within the district. However, financial assistance may be provided only to individuals and families whose income is at or below the unit's median income for individuals and families, respectively.
- (26) (25) Provide financial assistance (including grants and loans) to neighborhood development corporations to permit them to:
 - (A) provide financial assistance for the purposes described in subdivision (25); (24); or
 - (B) construct, rehabilitate, or repair commercial property within the district.
- (27) (26) Require as a condition of financial assistance to the owner of a multiple unit residential structure that any of the units leased by the owner must be leased:
 - (A) for a period to be determined by the commission, which may not be less than five (5) years;
 - (B) to families whose income does not exceed eighty percent (80%) of the unit's median income for families; and
 - (C) at an affordable rate.
- (b) Conditions imposed by the commission under subsection (a)(27) (a)(26) remain in force throughout the period determined under subsection (a)(27)(A), (a)(26)(A), even if the owner sells, leases, or conveys the property. The subsequent owner or lessee is bound by the conditions for the remainder of the period.
- (c) As used in this section, "pedestrian skyway" means a pedestrian walkway within or outside of the public right-of-way and through and above public or private property and buildings, including all structural supports required to connect skyways to buildings or buildings under construction. Pedestrian skyways constructed, extended, or improved over or through public or private property constitute public property and public improvements, constitute a public use and purpose, and do not require vacation of any public way or other property.
- (d) All powers that may be exercised under this chapter by the redevelopment commission may also be exercised by the redevelopment commission in carrying out its duties and purposes under IC 36-7-14.5. However, if a power pertains to issuing bonds or incurring an obligation, the exercise of the power must first be specifically approved by the fiscal or legislative body of the unit, whichever applies.
- (e) A commission may not exercise the power of eminent domain.



SECTION 7. IC 36-7-14-12.3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.221-2007, SECTION 33, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 12.3. IC 5-16-7 applies to:

- (1) a person that enters into a contract with a redevelopment commission to perform construction work referred to in section 12.2(a)(4), 12.2(a)(7), 12.2(a)(21), or 12.2(a)(22) or 12.2(a)(23) of this chapter; and
- (2) a subcontractor of a person described in subdivision (1); with respect to the construction work referred to in subdivision (1).

SECTION 6. IC 36-7-14-12.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: **Sec. 12.4. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, after June 30, 2014:**

- (1) a redevelopment commission;
- (2) a department of redevelopment; or
- (3) any other entity:
 - (A) established by the commission or department;
 - (B) controlled by the commission or a member of the commission regardless of any pecuniary interest the member may have; or
 - (C) to which the commission or department has delegated any power to act or hold property under this chapter;

may not own, lease, or otherwise hold a single family dwelling or condominium unit for purposes of leasing for the use by individuals as a dwelling. In addition, an arrangement or agreement that is contrary to this section may not be extended beyond the term of the arrangement or agreement as in effect on June 30, 2014. However, a commission, department, or entity covered by this section may own property in the capacity of a land bank for a unit.

(b) After June 30, 2014, a project involving telecommunication equipment, such as fiber optic cabling and related equipment, may not be included as part of the assessed value and may not be financed using proceeds from an obligation under this chapter if the telecommunications services that would be provided are already being provided in the area."

Delete pages 5 through 6.

Page 7, delete lines 1 through 29.

Page 8, between lines 29 and 30, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 7. IC 36-7-14-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.172-2011, SECTION 147, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 15. (a) Whenever the redevelopment commission finds that:



- (1) an area in the territory under its jurisdiction is an area needing redevelopment;
- (2) the conditions described in IC 36-7-1-3 cannot be corrected in the area by regulatory processes or the ordinary operations of private enterprise without resort to this chapter;
- (3) the public health and welfare will be benefited by:
 - (A) the acquisition and redevelopment of the area under this chapter as a redevelopment project area; or
 - (B) the amendment of the resolution or plan, or both, for an existing redevelopment project area; and
- (4) in the case of an amendment to the resolution or plan for an existing redevelopment project area:
 - (A) the amendment is reasonable and appropriate when considered in relation to the original resolution or plan and the purposes of this chapter; and
 - (B) the resolution or plan, with the proposed amendment, conforms to the comprehensive plan for the unit;

the commission shall cause to be prepared the data described in subsection (b).

- (b) After making a finding under subsection (a), the commission shall cause to be prepared:
 - (1) maps and plats showing:
 - (A) the boundaries of the area in which property would be acquired for, or otherwise affected by, the establishment of a redevelopment project area; or the amendment of the resolution or plan for an existing area;
 - (B) the location of the various parcels of property, streets, alleys, and other features affecting the acquisition, clearance, remediation, replatting, replanning, rezoning, or redevelopment of the area, indicating any parcels of property to be excluded from the acquisition or otherwise excluded from the effects of the establishment of the redevelopment project area; or the amendment of the resolution or plan for an existing area; and
 - (C) the parts of the area acquired, if any, that are to be devoted to public ways, levees, sewerage, parks, playgrounds, and other public purposes under the redevelopment plan;
 - (2) lists of the owners of the various parcels of property proposed to be acquired for, or otherwise affected by, the establishment of an area or the amendment of the resolution or plan for an existing area; and
 - (3) an estimate of the costs, if any, to be incurred for the



acquisition and redevelopment of property.

- (c) This subsection applies to the initial establishment of a redevelopment project area. After completion of the data required by subsection (b), the redevelopment commission shall adopt a resolution declaring that:
 - (1) the area needing redevelopment is a menace to the social and economic interest of the unit and its inhabitants;
 - (2) it will be of public utility and benefit to acquire the area and redevelop it under this chapter; and
 - (3) the area is designated as a redevelopment project area for purposes of this chapter.

The resolution must state the general boundaries of the redevelopment project area, and that the department of redevelopment proposes to acquire all of the interests in the land within the boundaries, with certain designated exceptions, if there are any.

- (d) This subsection applies to the amendment of the resolution or plan for an existing redevelopment project area. After completion of the data required by subsection (b), the redevelopment commission shall adopt a resolution declaring that:
 - (1) it will be of public utility and benefit to amend the resolution or plan for the area; and
 - (2) any additional area to be acquired under the amendment is designated as part of the existing redevelopment project area for purposes of this chapter.

The resolution must state the general boundaries of the redevelopment project area, including any changes made to those boundaries by the amendment, and describe the activities that the department of redevelopment is permitted to take under the amendment, with any designated exceptions. The resolution and all supporting information shall be submitted to the legislative body of the unit establishing the redevelopment commission for approval. The legislative body must approve the additional area as part of the redevelopment project area for purposes of this chapter.

(e) For the purpose of adopting a resolution under subsection (c), or (d), it is sufficient to describe the boundaries of the redevelopment project area by its location in relation to public ways or streams, or otherwise, as determined by the commissioners. Property excepted from the application of a resolution may be described by street numbers or location."

Page 10, between lines 2 and 3, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 8. IC 36-7-14-20 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]. Sec. 20. (a) Subject to the approval of the legislative body of



the unit that established the department of redevelopment, if the redevelopment commission considers it necessary to acquire real property in a redevelopment project area by the exercise of the power of eminent domain, the commission shall adopt a resolution setting out its determination to exercise that power and directing its attorney to file a petition in the name of the unit on behalf of the department of redevelopment, in the circuit or superior court of the county in which the property is situated.

(b) Eminent domain proceedings under this section are governed by IC 32-24 and other applicable statutory provisions for the exercise of the power of eminent domain. Property already devoted to a public use may be acquired under this section, but property belonging to the state or any political subdivision may not be acquired without its consent.

(c) The court having jurisdiction shall direct the clerk of the circuit court to execute a deed conveying the title of real property acquired under this section to the unit for the use and benefit of its department of redevelopment."

Page 20, between lines 8 and 9, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 13. IC 36-7-14-32.5 IS REPEALED [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]. Sec. 32.5. (a) Subject to the approval of the fiscal body of the unit that established the department of redevelopment, the commission may acquire a parcel of real property by the exercise of eminent domain when the real property has all of the following characteristics:

- (1) The real property meets at least one (1) of the conditions described in IC 32-24-4.5-7(1).
- (2) The real property is capable of being developed or rehabilitated to provide affordable housing for low or moderate income families or to provide other development that will benefit or serve low or moderate income families.
- (3) The condition of the real property has a negative impact on the use or value of the neighboring properties or other properties in the community.
- (b) The commission or the commission's designated hearing examiner shall conduct a public meeting to determine whether a parcel of real property has the characteristics set forth in subsection (a). Each person holding a fee or life estate interest of record in the property must be given notice by first class mail of the time and date of the hearing at least ten (10) days before the hearing and is entitled to present evidence and make arguments at the hearing.
- (e) If the commission considers it necessary to acquire real property under this section, the commission shall adopt a resolution setting out



the commission's determination to exercise that power and directing the commission's attorney to file a petition in the name of the city on behalf of the department in the circuit or superior court with jurisdiction in the county.

- (d) Eminent domain proceedings under this section are governed by IC 32-24.
- (e) The commission shall use real property acquired under this section for one (1) of the following purposes:
 - (1) Sale in an urban homestead program under IC 36-7-17 or IC 36-7-17.1.
 - (2) Sale to a family whose income is at or below the county's median income for families.
 - (3) Sale or grant to a neighborhood development corporation with a condition in the granting clause of the deed requiring the nonprofit development corporation to lease or sell the property to a family whose income is at or below the county's median income for families or to cause development that will serve or benefit families whose income is at or below the unit's median income for families.
 - (4) Any other purpose appropriate under this chapter so long as it will serve or benefit families whose income is at or below the unit's median income for families.
- (f) A neighborhood development corporation or nonprofit corporation that receives property under this section must agree to rehabilitate or otherwise develop the property in a manner that is similar to and consistent with the use of the other properties in the area served by the corporation."
- Page 22, line 1, after "adoption." insert "For an allocation area established before July 1, 1995, the expiration date of any allocation provisions for the allocation area is June 30, 2025, or the last date of any obligations that are outstanding on July 1, 2014, whichever is later."

Page 29, strike lines 26 through 28.

Page 29, between lines 31 and 32, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 15. IC 36-7-14-46, AS ADDED BY P.L.154-2006, SECTION 74, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 46. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), All the rights, powers, privileges, and immunities that may be exercised by the commission in blighted, deteriorated, or deteriorating areas may be exercised by the commission in implementing its program for housing, including the following:

(1) The special tax levied in accordance with section 27 of this



chapter may be used to accomplish the housing program.

- (2) Bonds may be issued under this chapter to accomplish the housing program, but only one (1) issue of bonds may be issued and payable from increments in any allocation area except for refunding bonds or bonds issued in an amount necessary to complete a housing program for which bonds were previously issued.
- (3) Leases may be entered into under this chapter to accomplish the housing program.
- (4) The tax exemptions set forth in section 37 of this chapter are applicable.
- (5) Property taxes may be allocated under section 39 of this chapter.
- (b) A commission may not exercise the power of eminent domain in implementing its program for housing.

SECTION 16. IC 36-7-14-48, AS AMENDED BY P.L.203-2011, SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 48. (a) Notwithstanding section 39(a) of this chapter, with respect to the allocation and distribution of property taxes for the accomplishment of a program adopted under section 45 of this chapter, "base assessed value" means the net assessed value of all of the property, other than personal property, as finally determined for the assessment date immediately preceding the effective date of the allocation provision, as adjusted under section 39(h) of this chapter.

- (b) The allocation fund established under section 39(b) of this chapter for the allocation area for a program adopted under section 45 of this chapter may be used only for purposes related to the accomplishment of the program, including the following:
 - (1) The construction, rehabilitation, or repair of residential units within the allocation area.
 - (2) The construction, reconstruction, or repair of any infrastructure (including streets, sidewalks, and sewers) within or serving the allocation area.
 - (3) The acquisition of real property and interests in real property within the allocation area.
 - (4) The demolition of real property within the allocation area.
 - (5) The provision of financial assistance to enable individuals and families to purchase or lease residential units within the allocation area. However, financial assistance may be provided only to those individuals and families whose income is at or below the county's median income for individuals and families, respectively.
 - (6) The provision of financial assistance to neighborhood



development corporations to permit them to provide financial assistance for the purposes described in subdivision (5).

- (7) For property taxes first due and payable before January 1, 2009, providing each taxpayer in the allocation area a credit for property tax replacement as determined under subsections (c) and (d). However, the commission may provide this credit only if the municipal legislative body (in the case of a redevelopment commission established by a municipality) or the county executive (in the case of a redevelopment commission established by a county) establishes the credit by ordinance adopted in the year before the year in which the credit is provided.
- (c) The maximum credit that may be provided under subsection (b)(7) to a taxpayer in a taxing district that contains all or part of an allocation area established for a program adopted under section 45 of this chapter shall be determined as follows:

STEP ONE: Determine that part of the sum of the amounts described in IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(1)(A) and IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(2) through IC 6-1.1-21-2(g)(5) (before their repeal) that is attributable to the taxing district.

STEP TWO: Divide:

- (A) that part of each county's eligible property tax replacement amount (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal) for that year as determined under IC 6-1.1-21-4(a)(1) (before its repeal) that is attributable to the taxing district; by
- (B) the amount determined under STEP ONE.

STEP THREE: Multiply:

- (A) the STEP TWO quotient; by
- (B) the taxpayer's taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal) levied in the taxing district allocated to the allocation fund, including the amount that would have been allocated but for the credit.
- (d) The commission may determine to grant to taxpayers in an allocation area from its allocation fund a credit under this section, as calculated under subsection (c). Except as provided in subsection (g), one-half (1/2) of the credit shall be applied to each installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal) that under IC 6-1.1-22-9 are due and payable in a year. The commission must provide for the credit annually by a resolution and must find in the resolution the following:
 - (1) That the money to be collected and deposited in the allocation fund, based upon historical collection rates, after granting the credit will equal the amounts payable for contractual obligations



from the fund, plus ten percent (10%) of those amounts.

- (2) If bonds payable from the fund are outstanding, that there is a debt service reserve for the bonds that at least equals the amount of the credit to be granted.
- (3) If bonds of a lessor under section 25.2 of this chapter or under IC 36-1-10 are outstanding and if lease rentals are payable from the fund, that there is a debt service reserve for those bonds that at least equals the amount of the credit to be granted.

If the tax increment is insufficient to grant the credit in full, the commission may grant the credit in part, prorated among all taxpayers.

- (e) Notwithstanding section 39(b) of this chapter, the allocation fund established under section 39(b) of this chapter for the allocation area for a program adopted under section 45 of this chapter may only be used to do one (1) or more of the following:
 - (1) Accomplish one (1) or more of the actions set forth in section 39(b)(3)(A) through 39(b)(3)(H) and 39(b)(3)(J) of this chapter for property that is residential in nature.
 - (2) Reimburse the county or municipality for expenditures made by the county or municipality in order to accomplish the housing program in that allocation area.

The allocation fund may not be used for operating expenses of the commission.

- (f) Notwithstanding section 39(b) of this chapter, the commission shall, relative to the allocation fund established under section 39(b) of this chapter for an allocation area for a program adopted under section 45 of this chapter, do the following before July 15 of each year:
 - (1) Determine the amount, if any, by which the assessed value of the taxable property in the allocation area for the most recent assessment date minus the base assessed value, when multiplied by the estimated tax rate of the allocation area, will exceed the amount of assessed value needed to produce the property taxes necessary to:
 - (A) make the distribution required under section 39(b)(2);
 - (B) make, when due, principal and interest payments on bonds described in section 39(b)(3) of this chapter;
 - (C) pay the amount necessary for other purposes described in section 39(b)(3) of this chapter; and
 - (D) reimburse the county or municipality for anticipated expenditures described in subsection (e)(2).
 - (2) Provide a written notice to the county auditor, the fiscal body of the county or municipality that established the department of redevelopment, and the officers who are authorized to fix budgets,



tax rates, and tax levies under IC 6-1.1-17-5 for each of the other taxing units that is wholly or partly located within the allocation area. The notice must:

- (A) state the amount, if any, of excess property taxes that the commission has determined may be paid to the respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in section 39(b)(1) of this chapter; or
- (B) state that the commission has determined that there is no excess assessed value that may be allocated to the respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (1).

The county auditor shall allocate to the respective taxing units the amount, if any, of excess assessed value determined by the commission.

(3) If:

- (A) the amount of excess assessed value determined by the commission is expected to generate more than two hundred percent (200%) of the amount of allocated tax proceeds necessary to make, when due, principal and interest payments on bonds described in subdivision (1); plus
- (B) the amount necessary for other purposes described in subdivision (1);

the commission shall submit to the legislative body of the unit its determination of the excess assessed value that the commission proposes to allocate to the respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (2). The legislative body of the unit may approve the commission's determination or modify the amount of the excess assessed value that will be allocated to the respective taxing units in the manner prescribed in subdivision (2).

(g) This subsection applies to an allocation area only to the extent that the net assessed value of property that is assessed as residential property under the rules of the department of local government finance is not included in the base assessed value. If property tax installments with respect to a homestead (as defined in IC 6-1.1-12-37) are due in installments established by the department of local government finance under IC 6-1.1-22-9.5, each taxpayer subject to those installments in an allocation area is entitled to an additional credit under subsection (d) for the taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal) due in installments. The credit shall be applied in the same proportion to each installment of taxes (as defined in IC 6-1.1-21-2) (before its repeal).".

Page 30, between lines 20 and 21, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 17. IC 36-7-14.5-10.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA



CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 10.5. (a) A board member may not have a pecuniary interest in any contract, employment, purchase, or sale made under this chapter. However, any property required for redevelopment purposes in which a board member has a pecuniary interest may be acquired, but only by gift or condemnation.

- (b) If a board member owns, directly or indirectly, more than a ten percent (10%) interest in a business entity, the board member shall be treated as an owner of the business entity for purposes of determining whether a pecuniary interest exists for the board member under this section.
- (c) A transaction made in violation of this section is void.

 SECTION 13. IC 36-7-14.5-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2006, SECTION 566, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 11. (a) The authority is organized for the following purposes:
 - (1) Financing, constructing, and leasing local public improvements to the commission.
 - (2) Financing and constructing additional improvements to local public improvements owned by the authority and leasing them to the commission.
 - (3) Acquiring all or a portion of one (1) or more local public improvements from the commission by purchase or lease and leasing these local public improvements back to the commission, with any additional improvements that may be made to them.
 - (4) Acquiring all or a portion of one (1) or more local public improvements from the commission by purchase or lease to fund or refund indebtedness incurred on account of those local public improvements to enable the commission to make a savings in debt services obligations or lease rental obligations or to obtain relief from covenants that the commission considers to be unduly burdensome.
 - (5) In a county having a United States government military base that is scheduled for closing or is completely or partially inactive or closed and if specified in the ordinance creating the authority or in another ordinance adopted by the executive body of the unit, an authority may exercise any of the powers of a redevelopment commission established under IC 36-7-14, including the establishment, in accordance with IC 36-7-14, of one (1) or more economic development areas in the county in addition to an economic development area established under section 12.5 of this



chapter. However, an economic development area that includes any part of a military base described in section 12.5(a) of this chapter is subject to the requirements of section 12.5 of this chapter. An action taken by an authority under this subdivision shall be treated as if the action were taken under the law granting the power to the redevelopment commission.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, after June 30, 2014:
 - (1) an authority; or
 - (2) any other entity:
 - (A) established by the authority;
 - (B) controlled by the authority; or
 - (C) to which the authority has delegated any power to act or hold property under this chapter;

may not own, lease, or otherwise hold a single family dwelling or condominium unit for purposes of leasing for the use by individuals as a dwelling. In addition, an arrangement or agreement that is contrary to this section may not be extended beyond the term of the arrangement or agreement as in effect on June 30, 2014. However, an authority or entity covered by this section may own property in the capacity of a land bank for a unit.

(c) After June 30, 2014, a project involving telecommunication equipment, such as fiber optic cabling and related equipment, may not be included as part of the assessed value and may not be financed using proceeds from an obligation under this chapter if the telecommunications services that would be provided are already being provided in the area."

Page 34, between lines 7 and 8, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 24. IC 36-7-15.1-4.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: **Sec. 4.2. A redevelopment commission and a department of redevelopment are:**

- (1) subject to audit by the state board of accounts under IC 5-11;
- (2) covered by IC 5-14-1.5 (the public meetings law);
- (3) covered by IC 5-14-3 (the public records law); and
- (4) covered by IC 36-1-12 (the public works law).

SECTION 25. IC 36-7-15.1-4.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: **Sec. 4.3. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, after June 30, 2014:**

(1) a redevelopment commission;



- (2) a department of redevelopment; or
- (3) any other entity:
 - (A) established by the commission or department;
 - (B) controlled by the commission or a member of the commission regardless of any pecuniary interest the member may have; or
 - (C) to which the commission or department has delegated any power to act or hold property under this chapter;

may not own, lease, or otherwise hold a single family dwelling or condominium unit for purposes of leasing for the use by individuals as a dwelling. In addition, an arrangement or agreement that is contrary to this section may not be extended beyond the term of the arrangement or agreement as in effect on June 30, 2014. However, a commission, department, or entity covered by this section may own property in the capacity of a land bank for a unit.

(b) After June 30, 2014, a project involving telecommunication equipment, such as fiber optic cabling and related equipment, may not be included as part of the assessed value and may not be financed using proceeds from an obligation under this chapter if the telecommunications services that would be provided are already being provided in the area.

SECTION 26. IC 36-7-15.1-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 743, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 5. (a) A member of the commission or a nonvoting adviser appointed under IC 36-7-4-207 may not have a pecuniary interest in any contract, employment, purchase, or sale made under this chapter. However, any property required for redevelopment purposes in which a member or nonvoting adviser has a pecuniary interest may be acquired but only by gift or condemnation.

- (b) If a redevelopment commissioner or a nonvoting adviser owns, directly or indirectly, more than a ten percent (10%) interest in a business entity, the redevelopment commissioner or the nonvoting adviser shall be treated as an owner of the business entity for purposes of determining whether a pecuniary interest exists for the redevelopment commissioner or the nonvoting adviser under this section.
 - (c) A transaction made in violation of this section is void.

SECTION 27. IC 36-7-15.1-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008, SECTION 744, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 7. (a) In carrying out its duties and purposes under this chapter, the commission may do the following:

(1) Acquire by purchase, exchange, gift, grant, lease, or



- condemnation, or any combination of methods, any real or personal property or interest in property needed for the redevelopment of areas needing redevelopment that are located within the redevelopment district.
- (2) Hold, use, sell (by conveyance by deed, land sale contract, or other instrument), exchange, lease, rent, invest in, or otherwise dispose of, through any combination of methods, property acquired for use in the redevelopment of areas needing redevelopment on the terms and conditions that the commission considers best for the city and its inhabitants.
- (3) Acquire from and sell, lease, or grant interests in all or part of the real property acquired for redevelopment purposes to any other department of the city, or to any other governmental agency, for public ways, levees, sewerage, parks, playgrounds, schools, and other public purposes, on any terms that may be agreed upon.
- (4) Clear real property acquired for redevelopment purposes.
- (5) Enter on or into, inspect, investigate, and assess real property and structures acquired or to be acquired for redevelopment purposes to determine the existence, source, nature, and extent of any environmental contamination, including the following:
 - (A) Hazardous substances.
 - (B) Petroleum.
 - (C) Other pollutants.
- (6) Remediate environmental contamination, including the following, found on any real property or structures acquired for redevelopment purposes:
 - (A) Hazardous substances.
 - (B) Petroleum.
 - (C) Other pollutants.
- (7) Repair and maintain structures acquired or to be acquired for redevelopment purposes.
- (8) Enter upon, survey, or examine any land, to determine whether it should be included within an area needing redevelopment to be acquired for redevelopment purposes, and determine the value of that land.
- (9) Appear before any other department or agency of the city, or before any other governmental agency in respect to any matter affecting:
 - (A) real property acquired or being acquired for redevelopment purposes; or
 - (B) any area needing redevelopment within the jurisdiction of the commission.



- (10) Subject to section 13 of this chapter, exercise the power of eminent domain in the name of the city, within the redevelopment district, in the manner prescribed by this chapter.
- (11) Establish a uniform fee schedule whenever appropriate for the performance of governmental assistance, or for providing materials and supplies to private persons in project or program related activities.
- (12) Expend, on behalf of the redevelopment district, all or any part of the money available for the purposes of this chapter.
- (13) Contract for the construction, extension, or improvement of pedestrian skyways.
- (14) Accept loans, grants, and other forms of financial assistance from the federal government, the state government, a municipal corporation, a special taxing district, a foundation, or any other source
- (15) Provide financial assistance (including grants and loans) to enable individuals and families to purchase or lease residential units **in a multiple unit residential structure** within the district. However, financial assistance may be provided only to those individuals and families whose income is at or below the county's median income for individuals and families, respectively.
- (16) Provide financial assistance (including grants and loans) to neighborhood development corporations to permit them to:
 - (A) provide financial assistance for the purposes described in subdivision (15); or
 - (B) construct, rehabilitate, or repair commercial property within the district.
- (17) Require as a condition of financial assistance to the owner of a multiunit multiple unit residential structure that any of the units leased by the owner must be leased:
 - (A) for a period to be determined by the commission, which may not be less than five (5) years;
 - (B) to families whose income does not exceed eighty percent (80%) of the county's median income for families; and
 - (C) at an affordable rate.

Conditions imposed by the commission under this subdivision remain in force throughout the period determined under clause (A), even if the owner sells, leases, or conveys the property. The subsequent owner or lessee is bound by the conditions for the remainder of the period.

(18) Provide programs in job training, job enrichment, and basic skill development for residents of an enterprise zone.



- (19) Provide loans and grants for the purpose of stimulating business activity in an enterprise zone or providing employment for residents of an enterprise zone.
- (20) Contract for the construction, extension, or improvement of:
 - (A) public ways, sidewalks, sewers, waterlines, parking facilities, park or recreational areas, or other local public improvements (as defined in IC 36-7-15.3-6) or structures that are necessary for redevelopment of areas needing redevelopment or economic development within the redevelopment district; or
 - (B) any structure that enhances development or economic development.
- (b) In addition to its powers under subsection (a), the commission may plan and undertake, alone or in cooperation with other agencies, projects for the redevelopment of, rehabilitating, preventing the spread of, or eliminating slums or areas needing redevelopment, both residential and nonresidential, which projects may include any of the following:
 - (1) The repair or rehabilitation of buildings or other improvements by the commission, owners, or tenants.
 - (2) The acquisition of real property.
 - (3) Either of the following with respect to environmental contamination on real property:
 - (A) Investigation.
 - (B) Remediation.
 - (4) The demolition and removal of buildings or improvements on buildings acquired by the commission where necessary for any of the following:
 - (A) To eliminate unhealthful, unsanitary, or unsafe conditions.
 - (B) To mitigate or eliminate environmental contamination.
 - (C) To lessen density.
 - (D) To reduce traffic hazards.
 - (E) To eliminate obsolete or other uses detrimental to public welfare
 - (F) To otherwise remove or prevent the conditions described in IC 36-7-1-3.
 - (G) To provide land for needed public facilities.
 - (5) The preparation of sites and the construction of improvements (such as public ways and utility connections) to facilitate the sale or lease of property.
 - (6) The construction of buildings or facilities for residential, commercial, industrial, public, or other uses.



- (7) The disposition in accordance with this chapter, for uses in accordance with the plans for the projects, of any property acquired in connection with the projects.
- (c) The commission may use its powers under this chapter relative to real property and interests in real property obtained by voluntary sale or transfer, even though the real property and interests in real property are not located in a redevelopment or urban renewal project area established by the adoption and confirmation of a resolution under sections 8(c), 9, 10, and 11 of this chapter. In acquiring real property and interests in real property outside of a redevelopment or urban renewal project area, the commission shall comply with section 12(b) through 12(e) of this chapter. The commission shall hold, develop, use, and dispose of this real property and interests in real property substantially in accordance with section 15 of this chapter.
- (d) As used in this section, "pedestrian skyway" means a pedestrian walkway within or outside of the public right-of-way and through and above public or private property and buildings, including all structural supports required to connect skyways to buildings or buildings under construction. Pedestrian skyways constructed, extended, or improved over or through public or private property constitute public property and public improvements, constitute a public use and purpose, and do not require vacation of any public way or other property.
- (e) All powers that may be exercised under this chapter by the commission may also be exercised by the commission in carrying out its duties and purposes under IC 36-7-15.3.".

Page 37, line 34, after "adoption." insert "For an allocation area established before July 1, 1995, the expiration date of any allocation provisions for the allocation area is June 30, 2025, or the last date of any obligations that are outstanding on July 1, 2014, whichever is later."

Page 43, between lines 30 and 31, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 26. IC 36-7-15.3-7 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 7. (a) In addition to its purposes specified in IC 36-10-9.1-10, the authority is also organized for the following purposes:

- (1) Financing, constructing, and leasing local public improvements to the commission.
- (2) Financing and constructing additional improvements to local public improvements owned by the authority and leasing them to the commission.
- (3) Acquiring all or a portion of one (1) or more local public improvements from the commission by purchase or lease and



leasing these local public improvements back to the commission, with any additional improvements that may be made to them.

- (4) Acquiring all or a portion of one (1) or more local public improvements from the commission by purchase or lease to fund or refund indebtedness incurred on account of those local public improvements to enable the commission to make a savings in debt service obligations or lease rental obligations or to obtain relief from covenants that the commission considers to be unduly burdensome.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, after June 30, 2014:
 - (1) an authority; or
 - (2) any other entity:
 - (A) established by the authority;
 - (B) controlled by the authority; or
 - (C) to which the authority has delegated any power to act or hold property under this chapter;

may not own, lease, or otherwise hold a single family dwelling or condominium unit for purposes of leasing for the use by individuals as a dwelling. In addition, an arrangement or agreement that is contrary to this section may not be extended beyond the term of the arrangement or agreement as in effect on June 30, 2014. However, an authority or entity covered by this section may own property in the capacity of a land bank for a unit.

(c) After June 30, 2014, a project involving telecommunication equipment, such as fiber optic cabling and related equipment, may not be included as part of the assessed value and may not be financed using proceeds from an obligation under this chapter if the telecommunications services that would be provided are already being provided in the area.

SECTION 27. IC 36-7-15.3-8.3 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 8.3. (a) A board member may not have a pecuniary interest in any contract, employment, purchase, or sale made under this chapter. However, any property required for redevelopment purposes in which a board member has a pecuniary interest may be acquired, but only by gift or condemnation.

(b) If a board member owns, directly or indirectly, more than a ten percent (10%) interest in a business entity, the board member shall be treated as an owner of the business entity for purposes of determining whether a pecuniary interest exists for the board



member under this section.

- (c) A transaction made in violation of this section is void.

 SECTION 28. IC 36-7-15.3-8.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA

 CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS

 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014]: Sec. 8.5. An authority is:
 - (1) subject to audit by the state board of accounts under IC 5-11;
 - (2) covered by IC 5-14-1.5 (the public meetings law);
 - (3) covered by IC 5-14-3 (the public records law); and
 - (4) covered by IC 36-1-12 (the public works law).

SECTION 29. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2014] (a) During the 2014 legislative interim, the commission on state tax and financing policy shall study redevelopment commissions, authorities, and departments. The department of local government finance, with the assistance of the state board of accounts, shall prepare a report on redevelopment that covers at least the following:

- (1) The activities of each redevelopment commission, authority, and department throughout Indiana, including projects proposed and projects completed.
- (2) The budgets for 2009 through 2013 for each redevelopment commission, authority, and department, including a summary of these budgets.
- (3) The audit findings for 2009 through 2013 for each redevelopment commission, authority, and department audited by the state board of accounts, including a summary of these audits.
- (4) The actual increase in assessed values in redevelopment areas compared to the estimated increases set forth in the redevelopment plan.
- (5) The actual increase in assessed values in redevelopment areas compared to the increase in assessed values outside redevelopment areas.
- (6) Suggested changes in the law with regard to redevelopment commissions, authorities, and departments.

Before August 1, 2014, the department of local government finance shall deliver the report concerning redevelopment commissions, authorities, and departments to the executive director of the legislative services agency in an electronic format under IC 5-14-6 for distribution to each member of the commission on state tax and financing policy. The department of local government finance and the state board of accounts shall be available to present the report and respond to questions at a meeting specified by the commission.



(b) This SECTION expires June 30, 2015.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

and when so amended that said bill do pass.

(Reference is to SB 118 as introduced.)

HERSHMAN, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 10, Nays 0.

